ЧАСТНОЕ ПРОФЕССИОНАЛЬНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ «РЕГИОНАЛЬНЫЙ НЕФТЕГАЗОВЫЙ КОЛЛЕДЖ»

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PA		VI	PRE	

На заседании методического совета Протокол № 1 от « 29 » августа 2025 г.

YTB	ЕРЖДАЮ:
Директ	ор ЧПОУ «Региональный
нефтега	изовый колледж»
	А.К. Курбанмагомедов
Приказ №	от « 1 » сентября 2025 г.

Рабочая программа дисциплины СГ.02 «Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности» по специальности 38.02.01 Экономика и бухгалтерский учет(по отраслям) по программе подготовки специалистов среднего звена (ППССЗ) на базе основного общего образования форма обучения: очная

ДОКУМЕНТ ПОДПИСАН ЭЛЕКТРОННОЙ ПОДПИСЬЮ

Сертификат: 026223850018B2678342E7AA423F4AD144 Владелец: КУРБАНМАГОМЕДОВ АЛИШЕР КУРБАНМАГОМЕДОВИЧ

Действителен: с 29.10.2024 до 29.01.2026

Программа жисциплины СГ. 02 «Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности» разработана на основе Федерального государственного образовательного стандарта (далее - ФГОС) по специальности 38.02.01 Экономика и бухгалтерский учет (по отраслям) среднего профессионального образования (далее - СПО), утвержденной приказом Министерства просвещения России от 24.06.2024 г. № 437

Квалификация - бухгалтер

Организация-разработчик: ЧПОУ «Региональный нефтегазовый колледж»

Структура и содержание дисциплины

2.1. Объем дисциплины и виды учебной работы

Вид учебной работы	Объем в часах
Объем образовательной программы дисциплины	80
в т.ч.	
1. Основное содержание	74
в т. ч.:	
теоретическое обучение	-
практические занятия	72
Самостоятельная работа	
Промежуточная аттестация (дифференцированный зачет)	2

	1. ЦЕЛИ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ
	- формирование представлений об английском языке как о языке международного общения и средстве приобщения к ценностям мировой культуры и национальных культур;
	- формирование коммуникативной компетенции, позволяющей свободно общаться на английском языке в сфере профессиональной деятельности, с учётом приобретенного словарного запаса, а также условий, мотивов и целей общения;
	- формирование и развитие всех компонентов коммуникативной компетенции: лингвистической, социолингвистической, дискурсивной, социокультурной, социальной, стратегической и предметной;
1.4	- воспитание личности, способной и желающей участвовать в общении на международном уровне;
1.5	- воспитание уважительного отношения к другим культурам и социальным субкультурам.

	2. ME	СТО ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ В СТРУКТУРЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЙ ПРОГРАММЫ
Ци	кл (раздел) ООП:	ОГСЭ
2.1	Требования к предв	арительной подготовке обучающегося:
	Обучающиеся должн образования.	ы владеть знаниями, умениями и навыками согласно требованиям ФГОС для среднего общего
2.2	Дисциплины и прак	стики, для которых освоение данной дисциплины (модуля) необходимо как предшествующее:
		сциплины необходимо как предшествующее для изучения дисциплин общепрофессионального цикла, оизводственной практики.

3. ТРЕБОВАНИЯ К РЕЗУЛЬТАТАМ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

3.1 Знать

ОК 01 - Выбирать способы решения задач профессиональной деятельности, применительно к различным контекстам.

- Приемы аннотирования, реферирования и перевода специализированной литературы по профилю подготовки, лексику по профилю подготовки.
- ОК 04 Эффективно взаимодействовать и работать в коллективе и команде.
- Знать этические нормы в практике деловых отношений
- ОК 06 Проявлять гражданско-патриотическую позицию, демонстрировать осознанное поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, в том числе с учетом гармонизации межнациональных и межрелигиозных отношений, применять стандарты антикоррупционного поведения.
- Знать сущность гражданско-патриотической позиции, общечеловеческих ценностей, значимость профессиональной деятельности по специальности, стандарты антикоррупционного поведения, последствия его нарушения
- ОК 09 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках
- Знать профессиональную документацию на государственном и иностранном языках

3.2 Уметь

ОК 01 - Выбирать способы решения задач профессиональной деятельности, применительно к различным контекстам.

- Уметь понимать общий смысл четко произнесенных высказываний на известные темы (профессиональные и бытовые); понимать тексты на базовые профессиональные темы;
- ОК 04 Эффективно взаимодействовать и работать в коллективе и команде.
- Уметь применять этические нормы в практике деловых отношений
- ОК 06 Проявлять гражданско-патриотическую позицию, демонстрировать осознанное поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, в том числе с учетом гармонизации межнациональных и межрелигиозных отношений, применять стандарты антикоррупционного поведения.
- Уметь демонстрировать осознанное поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять стандарты антикоррупционного поведения
- ОК 09 Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках
- Уметь использовать профессиональную документацию на государственном и иностранном языках
- 3.3 Владеть

ОК 01 - Выбирать способы решения задач профессиональной деятельности, применительно к различным контекстам.

умением составлять устные сообщения с использованием ключевых слов на бытовые и профессиональные темы в рамках изученной тематики и проблематики;

ОК 04 – Эффективно взаимодействовать и работать в коллективе и команде.

- этическими нормами в практике деловых отношений

ОК 06 - Проявлять гражданско-патриотическую позицию, демонстрировать осознанное поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, в том числе с учетом гармонизации межнациональных и межрелигиозных отношений, применять стандарты антикоррупционного поведения.

приемами демонстрации осознанного поведения на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять стандарты антикоррупционного поведения.

ОК 09 - Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

	4. СТРУКТ	УРА И СО	ДЕРЖА	ние дисци	плины (мод:	УЛЯ)
Код заняти	Наименование разделов и тем /вид занятия/	Семестр / Курс	Часов	Компетен- ции	Литература	Примечание
	Раздел 1. Раздел 1. Деловой иностранный язык.					
1.1	Тема 1.1. Моя будущая специальность – бухгалтер. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.2 Л1.3Л2.2 Э1 Э2	
1.2	Тема 1.2 Устройство на работу. Разговор с работодателем. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.2 Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.2 Л2.3 Л2.4 Э1 Э2 Э4	
1.3	Тема 1.3. Правильное проведение интервью с работодателем. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2 Э3	
1.4	Тема 1.4. Директора и менеджеры. Функции руководителя. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1	
1.5	Тема 1.5. Бизнес визит. Повседневное общение. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3Л2.2 Э1 Э3	
1.6	Тема 1.6.Деньги (английские, американские, немецкие), обмен валюты, подделка денег. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э3	
1.7	Тема 1.7.Вливание денег в экономику. Инвестиции. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
1.8	Тема 1.8.Расходы государства. Экспорт. /Пр/	3	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
1.9	Тема 1.9. Директора и менеджеры. Функции руководителя /Ср/	3	10	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
1.10	Тема 1.10. Бизнес визит. Повседневное общение. /Ср/	3	10	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
1.11	Тема 1.11. Виды деловых писем /Cp/	3	8	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
	Раздел 2. Раздел 2. Деловое общение. Деловая					
2.1	Тема 2.1. Особенности делового стиля. Этикет. Телефонные переговоры. /Пр/	4	6	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.2 Л2.3 Э2 Э3	

2.2	Тема 2.2. Современные средства передачи информации. E-mail, телекс. /Пр/	4	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.2 Э1 Э3	
2.3	Тема 2.3. Контракт (транспортная накладная, коммерческая накладная, страховая). /Пр/	4	6	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
2.4	Тема 2.1. Особенности делового стиля. Этикет. Телефонные переговоры. /Ср/	4	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
2.5	Тема 2.2. Современные средства передачи информации. E-mail, телекс. /Ср/	4	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.1 Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
	Раздел 3. Раздел 3. Экономика и Англоговорящие/Немецкоговоря щие страны.					
3.1	Тема 3.1. Что такое экономика. Сферы применения экономики. Экономические системы. /Пр/	4	6	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э4	
3.2	Тема 3.2. Экономика Великобритании/Германии. /Пр/	4	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.2 Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э2 Э3	
3.3	Тема 3.3. Россия. Экономика. /Пр/	4	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3	
3.4	Тема 3.4. Экономика США/Германии, Австрии,Швейцарии /Пр/	4	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.2 Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
	Раздел 4. Раздел 4. Экономика.					
4.1	Тема 4.1. Экономическая среда. Секторы экономики. /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.2	Тема 4.2.Макро и микро экономика. /Пр/	5	4	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.2 Э1 Э2	
4.3	Тема 4.3. Экономика, население и территории (малые и большие заселённые площади). /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Э1 Э3	
4.4	Тема 4.4. Цена, спрос, доход. /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2 Э3 Э4	
4.5	Тема 4.5. Современные тенденции в мировой экономике. /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
4.6	Тема 4.6.Рынки и фондовые биржи. Акции в Великобритании/Германии. /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
4.7	Тема 4.7. Федеральная резервная система США/Германии. /Пр/	5	2	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1	

4.8	Тема 4.8. Евросоюз. Великая депрессия США. /Пр/	5	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	
4.9	Дифференцированный зачёт /Пр/	5	OK-1 OK-4 OK-6 OK-9	Л1.3 Л1.4Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.4 Э1 Э2	

5. ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

5.1. Фонд оценочных средств для проведения промежуточной аттестации

Промежуточная аттестация проходит в форме дифференцированного зачета.

- 1. Что такое экономика.
- 2. Экономика Великобритании/России/США.
- 3. Глобализация мировой экономики.
- 4. Федеральная резервная система США.
- 5. Евросоюз. Великая депрессия США.
- 6. Информативная беседа по телефону.
- 7. Запросы по телефону.
- 8. Деловые переговоры по телефону с целью принятия решения.
- 9. Бронирование транспорта по телефону.
- 10. Бронирование номера в отеле.
- 11. Использование телефаксов для передачи документов на расстояние.
- 12. Виды писем.
- 13. Официальная и неофициальная переписка.
- 14. Неофициальная переписка.
- 15. Личные письма и их виды.
- 16. Социальные письма.
- 17. Виды деловых писем.
- 18. Определение цели составления письма.
- 19. Информационные письма (письма-сообщения, рекламные письма, письма-извещения, письма-уведомления, сопроводительные письма).
- 20. Коммерческие письма (заключение договоров, запросы, предложения, поиск компромисса, исполнение договоров, заказы, подтверждение, подтверждение заказа, получение и экспертиза образцов, оплата счетов).
- 21. Просьбы, запросы, предложения.
- 22. Письма с согласием, отказом, разъяснением.
- 23. Гарантийные письма.
- 24. Письма-претензии, письма-рекламации.
- 25. Письма по вопросам участия в выставках, ярмарках.
- 26. Письма с приглашениями к визитам.
- 27. Письма, содержащие выражения внимания, участия (поздравления, приветствия, соболезнования, извещения о происшедших изменениях).
- 28. Общие правила составления делового письма.
- 29. Состав реквизитов делового письма.
- 30. Стили деловых писем.
- 31. Аббревиатуры в письмах и сферы их применения.
- 32. Оформление письма-запроса информации.
- 33. Сопроводительное письмо.
- 34. Письмо-предложение.
- 35. Приём и отклонение предложений в письменном виде.
- 36. Оформление письма-жалобы.
- 37. Оформление письма-принесения извинений.
- 38. Отчёт о встрече.
- 39. Особенности оформления электронных писем.
- 40. Деловой этикет.

Критерии оценивания:

- 5 баллов выставляется студентам за полный и правильный ответ на все вопросы билета с логическим обоснованием аргументов, в ответе нет оприбок
- 4 балла выставляется студентам, если вопросы билета раскрыты полностью, но обоснования доказательства недостаточны, при этом допущены две-три несущественные ошибки, исправленные по требованию преподавателя.
- 3 балла ставится студентам за правильный ответ на вопросы билета, при этом допущено более одной ошибки по изложению фактов или более двух-трёх недочетов в ответе.
- 2 балла ставится студентам, если допущены существенные ошибки, показавшие, что обучающийся не обладает обязательными умениями по данной теме в полной мере.

5.2. Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля

Представлен в Приложении 1 к рабочей программе дисциплины

6. УЧЕБНО-МЕТОДИЧЕСКОЕ И ИНФОРМАЦИОННОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

6.1. Рекомендуемая литература

6.1.1. Основная литература

	Авторы,	Заглавие	Издательство, год	Колич-во
Л1.1	Безкоровайная Г. Т., Койранская Е.	Planet of English: учебник английского языка для СПО: Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности	М.: ИЦ Академия, 2021	https://urait.ru/book неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированных пользователей
Л1.2	Стогниева, О. Н.	Английский язык для ИТ-специальностей: учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2021	https://urait.ru/book/ angliyskiy-yazyk-dlya-it- specialnostey-473316/ неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированных
Л1.3	Е. Ю. Бутенко	Английский язык для ИТ-специальностей. IT- English: учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: ИздательствоЮрайт, 2021	https://urait.ru/ book/angliyskiy- yazyk-dlya-it- specialnostey-it- english-471398/
Л1.4	Лаврик Г.В.	Planet of English. Social&Financial Services Practice Book. Английский язык. Практикум для профессий и специальностей социально- экономического профиля СПО:	М. ИЦ Академия, 2021	https://urait.ru/book неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированных пользователей
		6.1.2. Дополнительная	литература	
	Авторы,	Заглавие	Издательство, год	Колич-во
Л2.1	Л.С. Чикилева,	Английский язык в бизнес-информатике. English for Business Informatics (B1—B2): учебник и практикум для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2020	yazyk-v-biznes- informatike- english-for- business- informatics-b1-b2- 467535/ неограниченный
Л2.2	А. С. Изволенская, Е. Э. Кожарская; под редакцией Л. В. Полубиченко.	Английский язык для колледжей (A2-B2): учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2021.	https://urait.ru/ book/angliyskiy- yazyk-dlya- kolledzhey-a2-b2- 474378/
Л2.3	Антонов О.И.	Английский язык для бизнесмена	М.: Информпечать при участии Верхневолжского института предпринимательства, 2021	https://urait.ru/book неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированных пользователей
Л2.4	Голицынский Ю.Б.	Грамматика: Сборник упражнений: Сборник упражнений	СПб.: КАРО, 2014	https://urait.ru/book неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированных
	6.2.	Перечень ресурсов информационно-телеко	оммуникационной сети "Интернет"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Э1	1	сско-английских и толковых словарей общей		
Э2	Macmillan Dictionary	с возможностью прослушать произношение	слов	
Э3	Энциклопедия «Бри	танника»		
Э4	Электронно-библиот	гечная система IPR BOOKS https://www.iprbo	okshop.ru/	
		6.3. Перечень программно	го обеспечения	
6.3.1	Офисный пакет Libi	reOffice		
	•	6.4 Перечень информационных	справочных систем	

6.4	.1 ИСС «КонсультантПлюс»
6.4	2 ИСС «Гарант»

7. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

7.1 Помещения для проведения всех видов работ, предусмотренных учебным планом, укомплектованы необходимой специализированной учебной мебелью и техническими средствами обучения

8. МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ДЛЯ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

Методические указания по освоению дисциплины представлены в Приложении 2 к рабочей программе дисциплины

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

1. Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций на различных этапах их формирования, описание шкал оценивания 1.1 Показатели и критерии оценивания компетенций:

УУД, составляющие компетенцию	Показатели оценивания	Критерии оценивания	Средства оценивания
ОК-01: Выбирать способы различным контекстам.	и решения задач профессион	альной деятельности, прим	иенительно і
Знать: Приемы аннотирования, реферирования и перевода специализированной литературы по профилю подготовки, лексику по профилю подготовки.	Сформировавшиеся систематические знания приемов реферирования и перевода специализированной литературы по профилю подготовки	Уровень знания правильного реферирования и перевода специализированной литературы	ПЗ 1-18
Уметь: - понимать общий смысл четко произнесенных высказываний на известные темы (профессиональные и бытовые); - понимать тексты на базовые профессиональные темы;	Сформировавшиеся систематические умения понимания общего смысла, произнесенных высказываний, компетентности и социальной значимости своей будущей профессии, анализировать ход и результаты профессиональной деятельности с точки зрения ее эффективности, выявлять и оценивать имеющиеся достоинства и недостатки профессиональной деятельности;	Уровень умения получать необходимые знания на известные темы	ПЗ 1-18, КР- 1-2
Владеть: Умением составлять устные сообщения с использованием ключевых слов на бытовые и профессиональные темы в рамках изученной тематики и проблематики;	Сформировавшиеся систематические владения способностью составления сообщений с использованием ключевых слов на бытовые и профессиональные темы	Уровень владения способностью составления сообщений с использованием ключевых слов	ПЗ 1-18

Знать:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень знания о	Т 1-9
этические нормы в		этических нормах и	
практико-деловых	основных понятиях	деловых отношениях	
отношений	этических норм и практике		
	деловых отношений		
Уметь:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень умения	ПЗ- 1-18,
Применять этические нормы	систематические умения	использовать этические	КР-1-2
в практике	использовать этические	нормы в практике	
деловых отношений	нормы в практике деловых	деловых отношений	
	отношений		
Владеть:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень владения	ПЗ- 1-18, Т
Этическими нормами в	систематические владения	этическими навыками в	1-21, КР-1-2
практике	Этическими нормами в	деловых отношениях;	
деловых отношений	практике		
	деловых отношений		
ОК 06 - Проявлять граждан	іско-патриотическую позиц	ию, демонстрировать осозн	анное
поведение на основе традиц	ионных общечеловеческих	ценностей, в том числе с уч	етом
-	льных и межрелигиозных о	гношений, применять станд	царты
антикоррупционного повед		X 7	TTD 1 10 7
Знать:	Сформировавшиеся		ПЗ- 1-18, Т
сущность		гражданско-патриотической	1-21, KP-1-2
гражданско-патриотической	гражданско-патриотической	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
позиции, общечеловеческих	позиции, осознанном	поведения на основе	
ценностей, значимость	поведении на основе	традиционных	
профессиональной	традиционных	общечеловеческих	
деятельности по	общечеловеческих	ценностей, о стандартах	
специальности, стандарты	_	антикоррупционного	
антикоррупционного поведения, последствия его	антикоррупционного поведения	поведения	
нарушения	поведения		
Уметь:	C+	V	ПЗ 1-18, КР-
	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень умения использовать гражданско-	1-16, KP- 1-2
демонстрировать осознанное			1-2
поведение на основе	использовать в	патриотической позиции,	1-2
поведение на основе традиционных	использовать в профессиональной	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на	1-2
поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих	использовать в профессиональной деятельности гражданско-	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на основе традиционных	1-2
поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять	использовать в профессиональной деятельности гражданскопатриотическую позицию,	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на основе традиционных общечеловеческих	1-2
поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять стандарты	использовать в профессиональной деятельности гражданскопатриотическую позицию, демонстрировать	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, о стандартах	1-2
поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять стандарты антикоррупционного	использовать в профессиональной деятельности гражданско- патриотическую позицию, демонстрировать осознанное поведение на	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, о стандартах антикоррупционного	1-2
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поведение на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, применять стандарты антикоррупционного	использовать в профессиональной деятельности гражданско-патриотическую позицию, демонстрировать осознанное поведение на основе традиционных	патриотической позиции, осознанного поведения на основе традиционных общечеловеческих ценностей, о стандартах антикоррупционного	1-2
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документацию на государственном и иностранном языке;	документации на	документации на государственном и иностранном языке	
Уметь:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень умения	ПЗ 1-18, КР-
- использовать профессиональную документацию на государственном и иностранном языках	реализовывать процессы связанные с формированием и хранением дел получателей пенсий, пособий, компенсаций и	реализовывать процессы связанные с формированием и хранением дел получателей пенсий, пособий, компенсаций и иных видов социальной помощи;	1-2
Владеть:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень владения	ПЗ- 1-18, Т 1-
профессиональной	систематические владения		21, КР-1-2
документацией на		хранения дел получателей	
государственном и	1	пенсий, пособий,	
иностранном языках		компенсаций и иных видов социально помощи;	

 $\Pi 3$ – практические задания, T – тестовые задания, KP-контрольные работы.

2 Типовые контрольные задания или иные материалы, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы

Практические задания:

№ 1

- I. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.
 - 1. Engineer Ordner invented a special counter wheel.
 - 2. The second generation computers were solid-state large-powered machines.
 - 3. The fifth-generation computers are expected to appear in the 21st century.
 - 4. Modern television offers the viewers a lot of different programs.
 - 5. Television will be digital soon in Russia.
- II. Переведите модальные глаголы в скобках.
- 1. You (можете) get a lot of useful information from the Internet.
- 1. 2. You (можете) use my computer if you like.
- 2. 3. He (пришлось) work with the new operating system.
- 3. 4. You (следует) load the program first.
- 4. 5. They (должен) go and see this new model of I-Pad.
- III. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских.
- 1. to complete
- 2. to do one's best
- 3. peripheral
- 4. compatible
 - 5. wordprocessor

- IV. Переведите с русского на английский.
- 1. Где вы встречали этого выдающегося академика?
- 2. Мы будем покупать новую версию этой операционной системы.
- 3. Компьютер выводит обработанные данные на дисплей.
- 4. Они внесли значительный вклад в науку.
- 5. Известная компания выпустила новую версию программного обеспечения.

- І. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.
- 1. DOS is the most commonly used PC operating system.
- 2. It was designed by Microsoft.
- 3. Technical problems will take time to be resolved.
- 4. Computing engineering began the new era at the end of 1930s.
- 5. Lomonosov compiled a lot of calculating tables.
- II. Переведите модальные глаголы в скобках.
- 1. You (можете) send and receive e-mail messages over the Internet.
- 2. You (можете) choose any service provider you like.
- 3. They (пришлось) pay for calls across their country.
- 4. You (следует) not watch TV all day long.
- 5. They (должен) go and buy a new version of this program.
- III. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских.
- 1. to give rise
- 2. to appear
- 3. mainboard
- 4. to include
- 5. attractive
- IV. Переведите с русского на английский.
- 1. Кто изобрел специальное счетное колесико?
- 2. Эта операционная система совместима с ДОС.
- 3. Этот текстовый редактор будет претерпевать изменения.
- 4. Мы купили периферийное устройство вчера.
- 5. Завод увеличил выпуск компьютеров в прошлом году.

№3

- І. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
- 1. To retrieve

- 2. Path
- 3. To knock out
- 4. To go online
- 5. A headline
- II. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 1. All sorts of things are available on the WWW.
- 2. They shared the information.
- 3. They have used this means of communication today.
- 4. She adds the story to the electronic edition of a newspaper every day.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
 - 1. Each link you select represents an image, a document, a video clip.
- 2. If some computers on the network are knocked out the information will just route around them.
 - 3. You can't carry a computer as easily as you can a newspaper.
 - 4. There are more than a million news stories in our database.
 - 5. Some American banks and companies even conduct transactions over the Internet.

І.Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

- 1. Hyperlink
- 2. Packet switching
- 3. To refine
- 4. To disappear
- 5. To be available
- IV. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 1. Each Browser provided a graphical interface.
- 2. These items are called hyperlinks.
- 3. The most popular Internet service is e-mail.
- 4. He was searching the information the whole evening yesterday.
- V. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
- 1. You can play computer games through the WWW, competing with partners from other countries.
- 2. Online newspapers have the most up-to-date news.
- 3. Nearly all the information being sent over the Internet is transmitted without any form of encoding.
- 4. Nobody knows exactly how many people use the Internet.
- 5. The number of resources and services that are part of the WWW is growing extremely fast.

№ 5

І. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

1. Ethic 1.нацеливать

2. Confederates 2. выписывать чеки

3. Destructive 3. союзники

4. To trigger 4. этика

5. To issue checks 5. разрушительный

II. Вставьте нужные слова:

Upgrade, punishment, password, eradicates, virus carrier

- 1. Antivirus is a computer program that stops the spread of and often... the virus.
- 2. You must continuously pay the price for...
- 3. Each newly infected disc becomes a ...
- 4. He has managed to get way without ...
- 5. Most systems use account numbers and... to restrict access to authorized users.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1. A vaccine is said to stop spreading of the virus.
- 2. This man is certain to be an adept in computer field.
- 3. He knew this computer to be infected.
- 4. She seemed to mistrust this programmer.
- 5. They are likely to be hackers.
- IV. Составьтепредложения.
- 1. Inserts, instructions, a programmer, unauthorized, in PC.
- 2. On the screen, appears, message, a warning.
- 3. Another, the virus, has spread to, disc.
- 4. Computer experts, a variety, have devised, of disks.
- 5. Needs, his exploits, to continue, he elsewhere.

№ 6

I. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

1. Exhilaration 1.искоренять

2. Blackmail 2. Телефонный мошенник

3. Phone freaker 3. Потерять все данные

4. To eradicate 4. оживление

5. To lose all the data 5. шантаж

II. Вставьте нужные слова:

Disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 1. Worm is a program that spreads by replicating itself.
- 2. The ... instructions lie dormant.
- 3. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.

- 4. Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
- 5. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1. A virus is considered to be very destructive.
- 2. The competitor turned out to be scrupulous.
- 3. We heard him release a new disk.
- 4. Business is known to be based on common sense.
- 5. Confederates are supposed to reap substantial rewards.
- IV. Составьтепредложения.
- 1. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 2. May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 3. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 4. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 5. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

I. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

1. Feature 1.предполагать

2. Tablet 2.относительный

3. Relational 3. элемент

4. Toimply 4. планшет

item
 особенность

II. Вставьте нужные слова:

Touchscreens, database, aids, implies, unrestricted

- 1. ... is an electronic organization of data and information.
- 2. The DBMS is the set of programming ... providing data banks functioning.
- 3. Voice Data entry gives the system operator more mobility due to ... hand and eye use.
- 4. A database ... integration of data across the entire environment that it serves.
- 5. ... are used by simply touching the display with one's finger.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на употребление Причастий и Герундия.
 - 1. Mice are small handled devices with attached wire that can be moved around by an operator.
 - 2. Voice data entry devices are used to increase operator productivity in selecting menu items.
 - 3. Slippage of the contacting surfaces may result in tracking errors.
 - 4. Digitizers are used to help create a drawing using an interactive software.

- 5. Automated drawing entry devices permit input of an entire document without manual intervention.
- 1. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

6. Exhilaration 1.искоренять

7. blackmail 2.Телефонный мошенник

8. phone freaker 3. Потерять все данные

9. to eradicate 4. оживление

10. To lose all the data 5. шантаж

№8

1. Вставьте нужные слова:

Disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 1. Worm is a program that spreads by replicating itself.
- 2.The ... instructions lie dormant.
- 3. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.
 - 4.Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
 - 5. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...
- II. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1.A virus is considered to be very destructive.
- 2. The competitor turned out to be scrupulous.
- 3. We heard him release a new disk.
- 4. Business is known to be based on common sense.
- 5. Confederates are supposed to reap substantial rewards.
- III. Составьте предложения.
- 1. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 2.May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 3. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 4. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 5. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

№9

Выберите правильный ответ

- 1. It is a graphic language used for effective communication ... engineers.
- a) by b) among c) d) between
- 2. They put their copybooks in a ... bag.
- a) two b) biggest c) large d) plastic's
- 3. This room isn't so ... as that one on the first floor.
- a) comfortable b) more bigger c) much big d) more comfortable

- 4. Electricity is a form of energy ... the flow of electrons. a) involve b) involved c) to involved d) involving 5 Ann's father is proudher achievements a) at b) about c) of d) in 6. The Spartans lived in that part of southern Greece called Laconia,....they? a) could b) didn't c) don't d) aren't 7. That book was ... by John in 1985. a) write b) writing c) wrote d) written 8. The materials collected by the expedition are of great ... interest. a) Scientific b) science c) Scientia's d) scientist 9. I do not think your work ... so difficult. a) Isn't b) was c) will d) could 10. The men went up another eight or nine hundred feet and ... out of the trees on to an open place. a) come b) came c) coming d) – 11.He is crazy..... a) about b) on c) at d) of 12. He ... ill last month a) is b) will be c) was d) has been 13. She said that her father ... an engineer. a) have been b) will be c) is d) was 14. You should stop a) being smoke b) smoking c) smoke d) have smoke 15. He doesn't mind Sports but he prefers to take part a) watch b) watching c) watched d)watched 16. The book has ... into English as well as into several other languages. a) be translated b) - c) been translating d) been translated 17. As long as you are here, let's ... the plan. a) discuss b) to discuss c) discussing d) discussion 18. I asked him ... come.
 - (a) b) for c) before d) to
 - 19. The expedition is expected ... next month.
 - a) will return b) to return c) d) returning
 - 20. ... is useful.
 - a) read b) reading c) reads d) to read
 - 21. We hope him ... in time.
 - a) is b) to come c) coming d) was

- 22. The water ... to be boiling.
- a) must b) makes c) seems d) report
- 23. The story made me......
- a) cry b) to cry c) to be cried d) crying
- 24. I am not keen onnovels
- a) read b) reading c) reads d) having read
- 25. I speak French
- a) small b) a little c) a few

Выберите правильный ответ.

- 1.We are ... to buy that car next week.
- a) think b) going c) run d) went
- 2. He always ... the train to work.
- a) puts b) takes c) getting d) having
- 3. My bag is not so ... as that one.
- a) nice b) more bigger c) much biggest d) nicer
- 4. The play ... at 8:00.
- a) is start b) starting c) starts d) start
- 5. He is ... really hard these days.
- a) working b) work c) works d) -
- 6. She is happy because she has been ... to her CD all day.
- a) b) listened c) listening d) listen
- 7. Mark ... lived here for two years.
- a) having b) have c) has d) -
- 8. The materials can be ... to the lab, cannot they?
- a) sent b) c) sending d) sented
- 9. They expect ... to be here.
- a) us b) his c) mine d) their
- 10. I was kind of you ... me your laptop.
- a) lend b) to lend c) lending d) for lend
- 11.Ito work very hard.
- a) used b) use c) am used d) was used
- 12. I prefer vegetables ... meat.
- a) to b) between c) from d) of
- 13. Maybe I'll ... the car later.
- a) bought b) buy c) throwing d) breaking
- 14. Hea salesman for 2 years

- a) work b) works c) has worked d) is working
- 15. She said "I'll call you ... I finish work.
- a) so b) when c) during d) after
- 16. We think you ... a famous engineer.
- a) become b) will become c) was d) -
- 17. It was the ... question of all having here.
- a) most difficult b) much difficult c) difficulty d) more difficult
- 18. The weather is getting warmer and
- a) warm b) well c) warmest d) warmer
- 19. She.....to the gym seven times this week
- a) was b) is c) have been d) has been
- 20. I'd ratherto the concert than stay at home
- a) go b) to go c) going d) goes
- 21. You ... be more careful.
- a) can b) ought to c) shall d) may
- 22. We often ... to different countries when we were students.
- a) have travelled b) travel c) have travelling d) travelled
- 23. Mary was writing the letter ... we were playing the piano.
- a) so b) if c) that d) while
- 24. The tiger is ... wild animal.
- a) the b) one c) a d) -
- 25. We believe herin time
- a) to come b) coming c) come d) comes

.**№**11

- 1. Healready ... the rule.
- a. learns b. learned c. has learned
- 2. The rain ... half an hour ago.
- a. has stopped b. stops c. stopped
- 3. When ... you see Mary? I ... see her next week.
- a. will b. would c. shall
- 4. By 8 o'clock yesterday I ... my homework.
- a. was doing b. have done c. had done
- 5. When I ... Tom, he ... an ice cream.
- a. meet, was eating b. met, was eating c. met ate
- 6. ... you ... this work by next Sunday?
- a. will ... have done b. shall ... do c. will do
- 7. Where is Boris? He ... chess with his friend.

- a. plays b. is playing c. was playing
- 8. ... Kate ... well?
- a. do ... sing b. does ... sing c. is ... singing
- 9. His father ... watching TV at the moment.
- a. was not watching b. is not watching c. doesn't watch
- 10. ... you ... supper at 9 o'clock yesterday?
- a. Were ... having b. Did ... have c. have had
- 11. He ... you for ages!
- a. hasn't seen b. haven't seen c. didn't see
- 12. When ... the boss come tomorrow?
- a. shall b. will c. does
- 13. When I ... home, Kate ... the piano
- a. come; was playing b. came; was playing c. comes; is playing
- 14. Take your raincoat with you: it ... rain today
- a. may b. can c. must
- 15. My friend asked me who ... the piano in the sitting room.
- a. played b. plays c. was playing
- 16. Granny likes ... to sing songs.
- a. him b. his c. he
- 17. A hare ... known to run very fast.
- a. is b. are c. were
- 18. The coat ... last year is too small for me.
- a. buying b. buy c. bought
- 19. The girl ... the book on the shelf is the new librarian.
- a. put b. putting c. having put
- 20. I'm really looking forward to ... to New York.
- a. go b. gone c. going
- 21. I knew my friend ... never ... to Washington.
- a. had been b. has been c. have been

- 1. I ... to bed early yesterday.
- a. was going b. were going c. went
- 2. They ... at the station 2 hours ago.
- a. met b. meet c. will meet
- 3. When the teacher ... the door of the classroom, the pupils ... at their desks.
- a. opened; was sitting b. opened; were sitting c. opens; were sitting
- 4. He ... just the window.

- a. has opened b. have opened c. had opened
- 5. What ... you prepare for breakfast tomorrow?
- a. will b. shall c. did
- 6. She always ... to the Altai Mountains to visit her relatives there.
- a. go b. goes c. will go
- 7. I ... a suit now.
- a. is wearing b. was wearing c. am wearing
- 8. By 9 o'clock yesterday grand mother ... the dishes.
- a. had washed b. has washed c. will wash
- 9. I ... my homework by 10 o'clock tomorrow.
- a. will do b. will be going c. will have done
- 10. ... you ever ... to Moscow?
- a. have ... been b. has ... been c. do ... been
- 11. What ... your brother ... now?
- a. was ... doing b. am ... doing c. is ... doing
- 12. When ... you usually ... dinner?
- a. do ... have b. did ... have c. does ... have
- 13. My friend ... me up at 8 o'clock yesterday.
- a. is ringing b. was ringing c. were ringing
- 14. Must we hand in our compositions tomorrow? No, you ... not you may hand them in after Sunday.
- a. should b. need c. must
- 15. I was sure he ... the letter.
- a. posted b. posts c. had posted
- 16. I expect ... to send a letter.
- a. them b. they c. their
- 17. Many new textbooks ... expected to be published soon.
- a. was b. are c. is
- 18. Who is that boy ... his homework at that table.
- a. do b. doing c. done
- 19. This is a house ... many years ago.
- a. built b. building c. build
- 20. Jane Eyre was fond of ...
- a. reader b. reading c. read
- 21. I thought that I ... my work at that time.
- a. shall finish b. will finish c. should finish

Present Simple

1. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
penguins live in the Arctic or the Antarctic?
a)Do
b)Does
c)was
d)were
2. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Where Susanne live?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
3. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
she have a car?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
4. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
What you usually eat for breakfast?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d)Were
5. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
we have to go to the party?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
6. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Peter live in London?
a)Do
b)Does
c) were
d) was
7. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
it rain a lot in Vienna?
a)Do

b)Does
c)Was
d)Were
8. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
all parrots talk?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d)Were9. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Mary have a bicycle?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
10. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
What time the film start?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d) Were
Past Simple
Past Simple 11. Укажите правильное время:
•
11. Укажите правильное время:
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well.
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время:
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off.
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off. a)watched
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off. a)watched b)were watching
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off. a)watched b)were watching c)had watched
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11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off. a)watched b)were watching c)had watched d)had been watching 13. Укажите правильное время: Suddenly they heard a strange noise and at each other in horror.
11. Укажите правильное время: When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well. a)came b)had come c)was coming d)had been coming 12. Укажите правильное время: We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off. a)watched b)were watching c)had watched d)had been watching 13. Укажите правильное время: Suddenly they heard a strange noise and at each other in horror. a)looked

14. Укажите правильное время:	
It wasn't raining when I left my office in the evening, but the ground was wet. It all da	ıy.
a)had been raining	
b)rained	
c)was raining	
d)had rained	
15. Укажите правильное время:	
I saw Paul at the airport. He for his brother's plane to arrive from Canada.	
a)had been waiting	
b)was waiting	
c)waited	
d)had waited	
16. Укажите правильное время:	
I had a cup of tea for breakfast because I of coffee.	
a)had run out	
b)ran out	
c)was running out	
d)had bee running out	
17. Укажите правильное время:	
When Mary came back, she looked very red from the sun. She in the sun too long.	
a)had been lying	
b)was lying	
c)had lain	
d)lay	
№14	
1. Выберите правильный вариант:	
I come if I had had time.	
a)have	
b)had	
c)would have	
d)did	
2. Выберите правильный вариант:	
This time tomorrow you sitting in a deck chair on the beach.	
a)are	
b)were	
c)will	
d)will be	
3. Выберите правильный вариант:	
Before you telephoned, I watching television	
$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	

b)will be
c)am
d)have
4. Выберите правильный вариант:
Sometimes I wonder if I ever succeed.
a)do
b)shall
c)am
d)were
5. Выберите правильный вариант:
After the storm finished, many people were found lying in the street.
a)has
b)had
c)were
d)did
6. Выберите правильный вариант:
Tomorrow we taking the day off.
a)will
b)have
c)were
d)are
7.Выберите правильный вариант
Where did you for your holiday in the end?
a)went
b)gone
c)go
d)going
8.Выберите нужный вариант:
Ah there you! I wondered where you were.
a)be
b)were
c)are
d)have been
9. Выберите нужный вариант:
She said she'd help him if she
a)could
b)can
c)can not
d)have been able

a)was

He told them he starting work the next day.
a)will be
b)will have been
c)would be
d)would have been
11. Выберите нужный вариант:
He refused to go until he seen all the paintings.
a)had
b)was
c)is
d)has
12.Выберите правильный вариант:
I am so angry with them. I kill them!
a) can
b) must
c) could
d) should
13. Выберите правильный вариант:
The phone is ringing. It be Jack.
a) must
b) can
c) would
d) could
14. Выберите правильный вариант:
Hello, I speak to Tom, please?
a) shall
b) will
c) can
d) would
15.Выберите верный модальный глагол:
Sue be able to help them.
a) might
b) could
c) should
d)shall

10. Выберитенужный вариант:

*№*15

1.Прочитайте текст, выполните задания

I woke up late yesterday. I only got up at a quarter to eight and I haven't got enough time to do my morning exercises or take a shower. I washed my face and hands and dressed quickly. I

had a light meal and gave my son some money for his school lunch. "Can I have some money for an ice-cream, too, Daddy" he asked. "Don't ask silly questions", I said angrily. "Why did I say that?" I thought as I drove to the office, I went through the red light, and a policeman stopped and fined me. I was five minutes late to work and met my chief at the door. He saw me but didn't talk to me. I didn't have much to do, but I was very tired in the afternoon. When I got home I spoke angrily to my wife and son. I had supper, watched a football match on the telly and went to bed.

- II. Choose the correct title for the text.
- 1. The Best Day in my life b) A bad day c) A bad Chief
 - d) Some Money for an Ice-cream
 - III. Put the sentences into the correct order.
 - a) The chief met me at the door.
 - b) My son asked some money for an ice-cream.
 - c) I got up late yesterday.
 - d) I watched TV after supper.
 - e) I was fined by the policeman.
 - IV. Choose the correct variant to complete the sentences.
 - 1) The text tells about
 - a) a bad father b) a brave policeman c) an angry chief d) an unlucky day
 - 2) The man in the story told about
 - a) a bad dream b) his great talents c) a day in his life d) his son and chief
 - 3) The day was not good that's why....
 - a) he broke his leg b) fell ill c) his chief punished him d) at home he was not kind to his wife and son
 - 4) The man drove to his office....
 - a) five minutes earlier b) just in time c) at the wrong time d) and was stopped by his chief

№16

І.Прочитайте текст, выполните задания

The King and the Painter

Once there was a king, who liked to paint pictures, but his pictures were bad and nobody liked them. The people to whom the king showed his pictures were afraid of him and they said that the pictures were good. One day the king showed his pictures to a great painter who lived in that country and said, "What do you think of my pictures? Am I a good painter or not?" The painter looked at the king's picture and said, "My king, the pictures are bad and you will never be a good painter." The king was very angry and sent the painter to prison. After two years the king wanted to see the painter again. When the painter came the king gave him a good dinner and said, "Now you are a freeman and I am your friend." So he talked kindly to the painter. After dinner the king showed his pictures to the painter again and asked, "Well, how do you like them now?" The painter did not answer. He turned to the soldiers and said, "Take me back to prison!"

- II. Choose the correct answer to the questions.
- 1) What did the king like to do?
- a) To do morning exercises. b) To write short stories. c) To paint pictures. d) To buy pictures.
- 2) Who said the pictures were good?
- a) The people who were afraid of the king. b) The people who liked the pictures.
- c) The great painter. d) The soldiers.
- 3) Whom did the king show his pictures one day?
- a) To the soldiers. b) To a great painter. c) To his servants. d) To the prisoners.
- 4) Why did the painter ask to send him back to prison?
- a) Because the king gave him a good dinner. b) Because he liked the pictures. c) Because the truth was more important to him than freedom. d) Because he wanted to paint pictures there.
- III. Mark the following statements "True" (T) or "False" (F).
- 1.Once there was a king, who was a great painter.

- 2. The people were afraid of the president
- 3. The painter spent two years in the prison
- 4. The king was a kind man.

IV. Match the words with their descriptions. There is one variant you don't need to use.

1)	A king	a)	A person who was not
			afraid of the king.
	A painter	b)	A place where the painter
2)			spent two years.
3)	A soldier	c)	A person who was a bad
			painter.
4)	A servant	d)	A person whom the painter
			asked to take him back to
			prison
5)	A prison		

№17

I. Прочитайте текст, выполните задания Programming Languages

A programming language is an artificial language invented to communicate instructions, or commands, to a computer. In order to distinguish the spectrum of programming languages, we divide them according to the convenience of the machine computing or the work of a programmer. Mnemonic language, mnemonic machine language and assembly language are best for machines, whereas such languages as FORTRAN, ALGOL, BASIC, PASCAL, etc. are best for programmers.

Sometimes the term *machine language* is used to denote computer instructions written in a machine code. This machine code can be immediately obeyed by a computer without translation. It is the coding system adopted in the design of a computer to represent the set of its instructions. The actual machine language is generated by the software, not by the programmer.

A *mnemonic language* deals with symbolic names for each instruction's part. That is easier for the programmer to remember than the numeric code for the machine. These alphanumeric names usually begin with a letter and refer to fields, files and subroutines in a program.

An assembly language is mnemonic, its addresses are symbolic, and introduction of data to a program as well as reading of the program is much easier. All these three types of programming languages are the so-called low level languages because they have a single corresponding machine equivalent.

High level programming languages, on the contrary, use the instruction corresponding to several machine code instructions. Such languages as FORTRAN,

ALGOL, BASIC, PASCAl, etc. are oriented to the problem, while low level languages are oriented to the computer's machine code.

The programming languages are also divided into three basic categories according to their similarity to English: *machine languages, symbolic languages* and *automatic coding languages*. Comparing the convenience of the languages for the computer and the programmer usages, we can say that the machine languages are used by the computer directly, while symbolic and automatic coding languages are more similar to English, so they are more convenient for the use of the programmer.

Spectrum ['spektrəm]– спектрconvenience [kən'vi:njəns]– удобствоmnemonic [ni(:)'mɔnik]– мнемоническийassembly [ə'sembli]– ассемблированныйalphanumeric ['ælfənju:'merik]– буквенно-цифровойsubroutine ['sʌbru:'ti:n]– подпрограмма

equivalent [i'kwivələnt]– эквивалентsimilarity [ˌsimi'læriti]– сходствоautomatic [ˌɔ:tə'mætic]– автоматический

- II. Choose the variant that suits best.
- 1. A programming language is a language
- a) a language generated by a programmer
- b) spoken by the programmers
- c) specially designed to communicate instructions to a computer
- 2. A mnemonic machine language uses:
- a) the numeric code
- b) symbols, such as letters and numbers
- c) symbolic addresses
- 3. An assembly language has the following advantages for the programmer's use:
- a) it is a low level language
- b) the processes of reading and introduction of data are made easier
- c) it uses numeric names
- 4. According to the article,
- a) high level programming languages use the instruction corresponding to several machine code instructions
- b) such high level programming languages as FORTRAN, ALGOL,
- BASIC, PASCAL, etc. are oriented to the computer's machine code
- c) low level languages have several corresponding machine equivalents
- 5. Symbolic and automatic coding languages are more convenient for
- a) the computer
- b) the programmer usages
- c) English speaking users
- 6. The machine code, or auto code can be ... by a computer without translation.
- a) stored
- b) immediately obeyed
- c) sequentially retained
- III. Complete the following sentences with one of the words given below.
- (a) recognition (b) simplicity (c) originally (d) convenient (e) advantages –
- (f) problems (g) descendent (h) reasonable (i) variety
- 1. An indirect address allows great ... (1) ... in programming.
- 2. The PASCAL programming language was ... (2) ... developed by Niklaus Emil Wirth.
- 3. Symbolic and automatic coding languages are more similar to English, so they are more ... (3) ... for the use of the programmer.
- 4. ALGOL was developed as an international language which gained more ... (4) ... in Europe than in the United States.
- 5. The ... (5) ... of using GLOBOL are that it is simple in learning, programs can be quickly written and tested.
- 6. The idea of an automatic computer that would not only add, multiply, subtract, and divide but perform the sequence of ... (6) ... operations was given by the English scientist Charles Babbage
- 7. PASCAL is noted for its ... (7) ... and structured programming design.
- 8. ADA is a PASCAL-based language designed for both commercial and scientific ... (8)....
- 9. PASCAL, which was named after the mathematician Blaise Pascal, is a direct ... (9) ... from ALGOL60, which Wirth helped to develop.
- IV. Match the most frequently used computer terms with their definitions 1. resampling

- 2. chip, chip set
- 3. rendering
- 4. remake
- 5. site
- 6. swap
- 7. scanner
- 8 server
- а) новое, переделанное из старого
- b) подкачивать
- с) компьютер, управляющий сетью
- d) место; совокупность веб-страниц
- е) растеризация; отрисовка
- f) считыватель
- g) процедура изменения размера изображения в пикселях
- h) микросхема

Употребите инфинитив с частицей to или без частицы to

- 1. You ought... (make) more of an effort at school.
- 2. You are not allowed ... (walk) on the grass here.
- 3. I can hardly... (wait)... (see) you!
- 4. There's no need... (rush) — just take your time.
- 5. It's difficult... (read) English books in the original.
- The soup is too hot... (eat). You'd better... (cool) it a bit. 6.
- 7. It's nearly 8. You are going ... (miss) your lesson.
- 8. I must... (return) the book to the library as soon as I have read it.
- 9. You'd better (stop)... quarrelling now.
- 10. It's kind of you ... (help) us.
- 11. You have ... (be) a pretty good cook ... (get) a job as a chef.
- Why not ... (join) them? We could ... (have) a lot of fun there. 12.
- 13. I have never heard him... (say) anything of the kind.
- 14. Are you strong enough... (lift) that box?
- 15. She is thoughtful enough ... (send) us a greetings card.
- 16. I'd like you ... (think) it over first.
- It usually takes me an hour... (write) an essay. 17.
- 18. Let me... (close) the door, shall I?
- 19. They can't afford... (buy) a car.
- 20. I'd rather... (let) the children... (decide) for themselves.
- 21. They can hardly make both ends ... (meet).
- I showed them how... (use) the computer. 22.
- 23. 1. They suggested ______ by bus instead of by plane. (TRAVEL)
- 24.
- 2. It seems difficult _____ everything about this topic. (KNOW)
 3. We were all looking forward _____ the New Year in New York. 25.

(CELEBRATE)

- 26.
- 27.
- 28.
- BRATE)

 4. We are planning ______ to Europe this summer. (GO)

 5. It was very difficult for him to quit ______. (SMOKE)

 6. She tried to avoid ______ unnecessary mistakes. (MAKE)

 7. I let him ______ to his friend's house after he had done his homework. 29. (GO)
- 8. Can you imagine the painting before the Christmas holidays? 30. (FINISH)
- 31.
- 9. We are used _____ up early in the morning. (GET)
 10. The suspect denied _____ said that in public. (HAVE) 32.

Критерии оценивания:

За каждое практическое задание обучающийся может получить максимально 5 баллов.

- **5 баллов** выставляется, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, найдена, обобщена и систематизирована необходимая информация,
- **4 балла** выставляется студенту, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, однако допущены незначительные ошибки, исправленные при указании на них
- **3 балла** выставляется студенту, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, однако допущены ошибки, исправленные с затруднением при указании на них
- **2 балла** выставляется студенту, если вопросы задания не раскрыты, обнаруживается существенное непонимание предмета курса; не показывает способности применять знания при решении задания.

Тестовые задания:

№ 1

Education in Great Britain: Higher Education

There is a considerable choice of post-school education in Britain. In addition to universities, there are also polytechnics and a series of different types of assisted colleges, such as colleges of technology, art, etc, which tend to provide more work-orientated courses than universities. Some of these courses are part-time, with the students being released by their employers for one day a week or longer periods.

Virtually all students on full-time courses receive grants or loans from the Government which cover their tuition fees and everyday expenses (accommodation, food, books, etc). Universities in Britain enjoy complete academic freedom, choosing their own staff and deciding which students to admit, what and how to teach, and which degrees to award (first degrees are called Bachelor degrees). They are mainly government-funded, except for the totally independent University of Buckingham.

There is no automatic admission to university, as there are only a limited number of places (around 100,000) available each year. Candidates are accepted on the basis of their A-level results. Virtually all degree courses are full-time and most last three years (medical and veterinary courses last five or six years).

Students who obtain their Bachelor degree (graduates) can apply to take a further degree course, usually involving a mixture of exam courses and research. There are two different types of post-graduate courses — the master's degree (MA or MSc), which takes one or two years, and the higher degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), which takes two or three years.

Ouestions

- 1. What is a choice of post-school education in Britain?
- 2. What do all students on full-time courses receive?
- 3. How are first degrees called?
- 4. Is there any automatic admission to university?
- 5. What are two different types of post-graduate courses?

A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb:

1. The theory of law on the theory of natural law of 16th century.

A. is based

B. based
C. are based
2. Many laws and legal principles that originated eight centuries ago in England and
Wales.
A. is retaining
B. has retained
C. have been retained
3. All evidence by the investigator now.
A. is being examined
B. examined
C. is examining
4. He to 18 month in prison for careless driving.
A. are sentenced
B. sentenced
C. was sentenced
5. The civil law the law of contract and family law.
A. includes
B. is included
C. include
6. A statement in Parliament tomorrow.
A. will has been made
B. is being made
C. will be made
7. Human beings always together under rules of one kind
or another.
A. have lived
B. were living
C. live
B. Complete the questions using the correct verb:
8 laws we have in force at any particular time reflect our thoughts as people centuries ago? A. Are B. Do C. Does 9. Why any existing society need law? A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,? A. hasn't they? B. have they? C. did they?
<i>N</i> <u>∘</u> 2
I Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово. 1. Oxford university consists of 38
a) colleges b) schools c) kindergartens2. At London policeman is called
a) Harry b) Robby c) Bobby3. There are two kinds of double-deckers and single-deckers.

a) buses b) trolley-buses c) taxis4. Washington D.C. is the of the United States of America.	
a) biggest city b) gateway c) capital5. The heart of the city is Manhattan	
 a) island b) town c) building 6. The total of Great Britain is about 120 000 square miles. a) population b) land c) area 7. London is situated on the Thames. a) lake b) river c) island 8. The Parliament of the UK is composed of 2 	
a) bodies b) Houses c) branches9. In order to become a law all bills and resolutions must be signed by the in the USA.	
a) Congress b) Senate c) President	
10. The Congress is the highest body in the USA.	
a) legislative b) executive c) judicial	
11. There are 26 in the US Constitution.	
a) advertisements b) amendments c) rules	
12. The head of each state is	
a) the President b) a judge c)a governor	
13. The US President must be at least years old.	
a) 35 b) 40 c) 45	
14. All laws in the UK are made	
a) in the Cabinet b) by the Queen c) in Parliament15. Most of the criminal and civil cases are tried by courts in the USA.	
servant who 2 very polite. The Englishman wanted to get up early one morning and asked 3 servant to wake	
	COME
When he saw that the Englishman 5, he 6 a piece of paper and wrote some words on it.	SLEEP
TAKE	
Then he quietly 7 the room. LEAVE The Englishman 8 up at eleven o'clock, jumped out of	
WAKE	CEE
bed, looked at his watch and then 9 the piece of paper on the table. It said, "Dear Sir, it 10 six o'clock now.	SEE BE

Please get up."

III Поставьте вместо точек слова в скобках в нужную форму.

- 1. There ... four books in the bag. (be)
- 2. There ...a flower in the vase.(be)
- 3. There...a pen, a book, a computer on the desk.(be)
- 4. I don't see... there.(something/anything/nothing)
- 5. Is there at home?(somebody/anybody/nobody)
- 6. Are there ... new students in your group?(some/any/no)
- 7. I ... a book yesterday at 3 o'clock.(read)
- 8. They... in the park now.(walk)
- 9. I ...my lessons at 7 o'clock tomorrow.(do)
- 10. I ... already... the flowers.(water)
- 11. When father returned from work, we already (do) our homework.
- 12. By the end of the next week she ...all her exams.(pass)
- 13. The book "The War and Peace"... by Leo Tolstoy. (write)
- 14. Russia ... by seas and oceans. (wash)
- 15. The fist Russian University ... in 1755. (found)

№3

I Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово.

- 1. There are three.... in Oxford academic year.
- a) colleges b) terms c) faculties
- 2. At London policeman is called ...
- a) Harry b) Robby c) Bobby
- 3. The British islands are formed of Great Britain, ... and a number of small islands situated to the west of the European continent.
- a) Northern Ireland b) England c) Ireland
- 4. Washington D.C. is the ... of the United States of America.
- a) biggest city b) gateway c) capital
- 5. The heart of the city is Manhattan
- a) island b) town c) building
- 6. The total area of the USA is about square kilometers.
- a) 15 million b) 9.4 million c) 5.5 million
- 7. The biggest river in the USA is....
- a) the Missouri b) the Mississippi c) the Colorado
- 8. The UK is a Parliamentary ...
- a) republic b) democracy c) monarchy
- 9. The Congress is the highest ... body in the USA.
- a) legislative b) executive c) judicial
- 10. There are 7.... in the US Constitution.
- a) articles b) amendments c) rules
- 11. The head of each state is ...
- a) the President b) a judge c)a governor
- 12. The Queen's residence is......
- a) number 10 Downing Street b) Buckingham Palace c) Parliament
- 13. The population of the UK is about million people.
- a) 60 b) 25 c) 120
- 14. The Londoners call the underground......
- a) subway b) the tunnel c) the tube
- 15. The US President is elected for a term of..... years.
 - a) 2 b) 6 c) 4

II Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавным	•
строк, обозначенных номерами 1-10 так, чтобы они грамматически	соответствовали
содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.	
I remember my 1 day of school in detail. It was a nice	
ONE	
bright September morning when 2 I	DDING
mum 3 me to a large school ground. There were lots of kids and parents there.	BRING
	NOT KNOW
At first I felt uneasy as I 4any of them. "Look around", my mum said.	NOT KNOW
"There are so many 5here.	CHILD
Don't be afraid. I'm sure you will make friends with them very soon".	CHILD
Almost every child had a bouquet of flowers and I felt very proud because	
my bouquet was the 6	GOOD
Some men and women in the centre of the playground were telling	0002
us about 7school years.	THEY
A dark-haired woman with a microphone looked very familiar.	11121
But I 8 remember where and when I saw her.	CANNOT
9 I found out that she was a TV presenter for an	CHITOT
LATE	
programme for young children and a graduate	EDUCATION
	LD C CITIOI (
of our school.	
III Поставьте вместо точек слова в скобках в нужную форму. 1. There a pen, two books and a pencil in the bag. (be) 2. There four books in the bag (is/are) 4. She all her exams by the end of the next week. (pass) 5. By the time I came home my family already dinner. (finish) 6. We our lunch yet. (not eat) 7. They a test now. (write) 8. I dinner when you called (cook) 9. I my lessons at 5 o'clock tomorrow. (do) 10. There are pictures in the book. (some/any/no) 11. I didn't buy bananas yesterday. (some/any/no) 12. Can you tell me about this town?(something/anything/nothing) 13. The book "The War and Peace" by Leo Tolstoy. (write) 14. Russia by seas and oceans. (wash) 15. The first Russian University in 1755. (found)	
№4	
1. Вставьте слово по смыслу. Переведите предложения. 1. Millions ofwatch sports events on TV. a) listeners b) viewers c) readers d) teachers 2. News and current programs make up an important section of programm a) kinds b) shows c) sports d) affairs	ing.

^{3.} The Olympic Games were ... in 1896. a) begun

- b) stopped
- c) renewed
- d) replaced
- 4. When the warlike Spartans began to ..., they changed the program of Games.
- a) salute
- b) support
- c) compete
- d) agree
- 5. There are schools of ... education, where the pupils study Russian, Literature, Mathematics, History, and Biology.
- a) vocational
- b) foreign
- c) general
- d) higher
- 6. In Great Britain secondary education begins at
- a) four
- b) seven
- c) eleven
- d) sixteen

2. Поставьте some, any or no- + -body/ -thing/ -where и переведите предложения.

- 1. All the hotels were full. There was ... to stay.
- 2. It is dark. I can't see ...
- 3. She said ... but I didn't understand it.
- 4. Has ... found my blue pencil? No? I am sorry.
- 5. Look! ... is coming to us.

3. Выберите союз и раскройте скобки.

- 1. I (wait) for you if/until you (come) back from school.
- 2. When/before Andrew (become) rich, he (buy) a Mercedes.
- 3. She (give) you the book after/till she (read) it.
- 4. When/until you (start) regular training, you (win) the match.

4. Выберите правильную форму глагола

- 1. Australia ... by Captain Cook in 18 century.
- a) discovered b) was discovered c) had been discovered d) has discovered
- 2. This software ... now.
- a) installing b) is being installed c) is installed d) install
- 3.He ...to the theatre yesterday.
- a) has gone b) was going c) went d) had gone
- 4.Ice-cream usually ... from milk.
- a) made b) is made c) makes d) will be made

5. Сопоставьте.

- 1. to attend
- 2. final score
- 3. arena
- 4. degree
- 5. satellite
- 6. penalty
- 7. tutorial
 - a) a step or stage in a process, course, or order of classification
- b) a machine that has been sent into space and goes around the Earth, used for radio, television
 - c) a class conducted by a teacher for one student or a small number of students
 - d) a punishment imposed on a player or team for breaking the rules of a sport

- e) the score at the end of a game
- f) to come and to be present at

a) coffee

a) museum

b) coca-cola c) tea

b) clock

24. The main sightseeing of London is Big Ben, it is a...

c) monument

g) a level area for holding sports events, surrounded by seats for spectators

№5

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных: 1.Ann ... good in Physics. a) am b) is c) are 2. Alex and his wife ... from Montana. a) are b) is c) am 3. I ... sleepy, because it is too late. a) is b) am c) are 4. It ... very hot today. a) am b) are c) is 5. The door in my room is ..., than in your room. a) the largest b) larger c) large 6.Jane is the ... student in our group. a) best b) better c) good 7. The weather in London is as ... as in Paris. a) worse b) the worst c) bad 8. I prefer semolina porridge ... breakfast. a) on b) at c) for 9. This blouse is made ... silk. a) with b) of c) in 10. My friend is fond ... music. a) of b) on c) by 11. ... Sundays we go to the cinema. a) in b) on c) at 12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов» a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit 13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 10 минут чтобы добраться до школы» a) It takes me 10 minutes to get to school. b) It takes to me 10 minutes to get to school c) It takes from me 10 minutes to get to school 15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не летает самолётом» a) He never goes in the plane b) He never goes by plane c) He never goes to plane 16. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 17 лет» a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old 17. I can see three ... in the photo. a). woman b). women c). womans 18. ... are sitting on the pond a) goose b) gooses c) geese 19. These ... are very expensive b) shoeses a) shoes c) shoe 20. What is the name of the British national flag? a) the Union Jack b) the United Jack c) the Union John 21. London is located on the river c) Serpentine a) Avon b) Thames 22. Great Britain is... A) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic 23. Britain's national drink is

25. The main political parties of Great Bri	tain are	
a) Democratic and Socialist b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic		
26. The British Parliament consist of .		
A) the House of Lords and the House of Commons		
b) the Congress and the House of Represe		
c)the Senate and the House of Commons		
d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court		
27. Who is the head of state in the United		
a) President b)theQeen c) the Prime Mir	-	
28. The official residence of Queen Elizab	,	
a) Albert Hall b)Tower c) Buckingham		
29. The wax models of famous people are		
a) Big Ben b) Covent Garden c)the Nati		
30. A world famous grammar school, fou		
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge		
Соотнесите:)88-	
31. The parts of the UK and their capitals		
1) England	a) Cardiff	
2) Scotland	b) London	
3) Wales	c) Belfast	
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh	
32. The holiday and its symbol:	a) Damourgii	
1) Christmas	a) pancakes	
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin	
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace	
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit	
33. The place and a kind of sports:	d) a 14001t	
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing	
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis	
3) Derby	c) association football	
34. The place and the sight of it:	c) association football	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens	
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence	
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain	
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities	
35. Cоотнесите:	d) Coneges and universities	
	nate, green brilliant grass. Much of the land is	
,	nate, green brilliant grass. Much of the land is arated from Great Britain by the Irish Sea.	
	nd of mountains, lakes and romantic castles. Most	
farmers keep sheep. Deer		
7 -	tty valleys. But it has plenty of industry too, with	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nines. The people of this part are very musical.	
	s of it are very crowded, especially the southeast of	
	t industry in the northeast of it. The most important	
river flows here.		
36. The parts of the UK and their national	•	
1) England	a) a thistle	
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock	
3) Wales	c) a red rose	
4) NorthernIreland	d) adaffodil	

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

- 1 .I ... good in Maths. a) am b) is c) are

2. Rob and	his family from London.
a) are b)	·
	sleepy, because it is too late.
a) is b) a	± ?
	ery hot today.
a) am b)	
	If in my room is, than in your room.
	est b) larger c) large
	the student in our group.
) better c) good
	ather in Kirov is as as in Chicago
	b) the worst c) bad
	beefsteak dinner
a) on b) a	
	rt is made silk.
a) with b)	
	other is fond music.
a) of b) o	
	adays we go to the ZOO
a) in b) o	•
, ,	ите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
	ome fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
	ине пан торт want some nate терт а пке some nate распечения обраться правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 15 минут чтобы добраться
до коллед	
	me 15 minutes to get to College. b) It takes to me 15 minutes to get to College
	from me 15 minutes to get to College
	пот те 13 minutes to get to conege рите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не ездит поездом»
-	er goes in the train b) He never goes by train c) He never goes in train
	очте правильный вариант перевода «Ей 16 лет»
	re sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
	ee three in the photo.
	b). men c). mans
	sitting on the lake
	b) gooses c) geese
, 0	are very cheap
	b) shoeses c) shoe
	s the name of the American national flag?
	s and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes
	ngton is located on the river
a) Avon	b) Potomac c) Melburn
21. USA is	
	ational monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
	ean's national drink is
	b) coca-cola c) tea
,	ain American symbols of Freedom is a
	nerican flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
	ain political parties of USA are
	ratic and Republican b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic
	nerican Parliament is a
	se of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress
	te and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
	s the head of state in the USA?
	nt b).the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor
	ficial residence of the President is
	Hall b) the White House c) Capitol d) Royal Park
28. What A	American's place of interest is known to many children in the world?

- a) White House b) Museum of
- Jefferson c) Disneyland d)

was written.

the greatness of his discovery.

Madame

Tussaud"s

29. What is America's national sport?

- a) football
- b)golf
- c)baseball d) chess
- 30. Соотнесите:

1) A. Vespucci

- 2) C. Columbus
- 3) A. Lincoln
- 4) G. Washington
- 31. The nickname of State:
- 1.Florida a)"The Prairie State"
- 2. Vermont
- 3. Illinois
- 4. Washington
- 32. The building and the sight of it:
- 1. The White House is
- 2) The Capitol is
- 3. The Supreme Court is
- 4. The Empire State Building
- 33. The place and the sight of it:
- 1. Broadway is
- 2. Harvard is
- 3. Manhatten is
- 4. Washington is
- 34. The famous people:
- 1. Martin Luther King was
- 2. Elvis Priestly
- 3. Jack London

rights

- 4. Mohamed Ali
- 35. The holiday and its symbol:
- 1) Easter
- 2) Thanksgiving Day
- 3) .Halloween

b)"The Sunshine State

a) One of the US Presidents, from a very poor family, was a lawyer, fought against slavery, is a symbol of American democracy.

b) One of the US Presidents, took part in many battles, fought for the

c) He made 4 voyages to North America, discovered one of the

d) He made several voyages to South America, wrote a description of

what he had seen, proved the existence of the new continent.

independence of the country, during his ruling the US Constitution

Bahamas Islands, discovered a new continent, and died ignorant of

- c) "The Evergreen State"
- d) "The Green Mountain State"
 - a) the highest skyscraper
 - b) the President's residence
 - c)) the home of the US Congress
 - d) the home of the Supreme Court
 - a) a centre of New York
 - b) a capital of USA
 - c) a symbol of American theatre
 - d) a famous university
 - a) a famous American singer
 - b) a famous boxer
 - c) a famous American fighter for civil
 - d) a famous American writer
 - a) a turkey
 - b) a pumpkin
 - c) a rabbit

№7

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

- 1. What is the name of the British national flag?
- a) the Union Jack
- b) the United Jack
- c) the Union John
- 2. London is located on the river
- a) Avon
- b) Thames
- c) Serpentine

3. Great Britain is	
a) constitutional monarchy b) republic	c) federal republic
4. Britain's national drink is	, <u>-</u>
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea	
5. The British Parliament consist of	
a) the House of Lords and the House of C	Commonsb) the Congress and the House of
Representatives	
±	d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
6. Who is the head of state in the United	•
a) President b)the Queen/King c) the P	<u> </u>
7. A world famous grammar school, found	,
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge	
8. The parts of the UK and their capitals	d) King's Conege
1) England	a) Cardiff
2) Scotland	b) London
,	,
3) Wales	c) Belfast
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh
9. The holiday and its symbol:	.)
1) Christmas	a) pancakes
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit
10. The place and a kind of sports:	
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis
3) Derby	c) association football
11. The place and the sight of it:	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities
12. The parts of the UK and their nationa	l symbols
1) England	a) a thistle
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock
3) Wales	c) a red rose
4) Northern Ireland	d) a daffodil
Types of questions	
13 is it from here to St. Petersburg?	
a) How far	
b) How long	
14 would you like to drink?	
a) Which	
b) What	
15 of brothers Grimm was the eldest	?
a) Who b) What c) Which	
16. It's so cold today put on your warr	n coat?
a) Why you haven't	
b) Why haven't you	
17. Dad hasn't read the newspaper yet,	?
a), hasn't he?	
b), has he?	
c), did he?	
18 is Pam's sister? - She's a secretary	zat our college.
a) What	ar our correge.
b) Who	
c) Where	
·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

- 19. ... will it take me to learn French?- I think you'll be able to speak in another few months.
- a) How much
- b) How long
- c) What
- 20. He can play golf well, ...?
- a) ..., doesn't he?
- b) ..., can he?
- c) ..., can't he?

Future actions

- 21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning, he probably (give) you a lift.
- a) isn't busy, will probably give
- b) won't be, will probably give
- c) won't be, probably gives
- 22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) worse.
- a) will feel
- b) feels
- c) feel
- 23.Mrs.Clay (go) shopping today if she (finish) her work earlier than usual.
- a) goes, will finish
- b) will go, will finish
- c) will go, finishes
- 24. Watch the football match on TV at 11 p.m. if you (stay) at home tonight.
- a) will stay
- b) stay
- c) would slay
- 25. I'm tired, but if you (make) me strong coffee, I (go on) working.
- a) will make, go on
- b) will make, will go on
- c) make, will go on

Perfect Tenses

- 26. My parents (be) to the USA many times.
- a) have been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) is being
- 27. Julia (finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
- a) will finish
- b) will have finished
- c) have finished
- d) had finished
- 28. Aunt Polly punished Tom Sawyer because he (be) naughty.
- a) has been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) finishes
- 29. Why are you looking so unhappy? I (lose) my purse.
- a) have lost b) had lost c) will have lost d) lost
- 30. We are going to buy a car. By the end of next month our family (save) money for it.
- a) will save b) will have saved c) have saved d) had saved

Complex object

- 31. Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable.
- a) to feel
- b) feeling
- c) feel
- 32. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room.

a) to smoke
b) smoking
c) smoke
33. Her father made her (learn) the lessons.
a) learn
b) to learn
c) learning
34. If you want us (make 4 . I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself
away from that funny sight. 'a) played
b) playing
c) to play
35. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad.
a) marry
b) to marry
c) married
Conditional sentences
36. Plants die if you (not / water) them.
a) won't water
b) don't water
c) wouldn't water
37. If I had one million dollars, I (probably / buy) a yacht.
a) would probably buy
b) will probably buy
c) probably bought
38 How did it happen that you missed you stop? - I (not / miss) it if the conductor
(announce) the stops.
a) wouldn't miss a) had announced
b) hadn't missed b) would have announced
,
c) wouldn't have missed c) announced
39. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help) us.
a) were a) will help
b) would be here b) would help
c) is c) helps
40. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go) jogging.
a) will get up a) go
b) get up b) am going to g
c) got up c) will go
41. You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday.
a) be a) will take
b) were b) would take
c) have been c) take
42. If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbol of America.
a) didn't work a) wouldn't have become
b) wouldn't have worked b) hadn't become
c) hadn't worked c) wouldn't become
c) madn t worked c) wouldn't become
№8
Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:
1. What is the name of the American national flag?
a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes
2. Washington is located on the river
a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn
3. USA is
a) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
4. American's national drink is

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a) coffee
            b) coca-cola c) tea
5. The main American symbols of Freedom is a...
a) The American flag
                         b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
6. The American Parliament is a
a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons
                                                            b) the Congress
c)the Senate and the House of Commons
                                            d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
7. Who is the head of state in the USA?
a) President b).the Queen c) the Prime Minister
                                                      d) Lord Chancellor
8. The official residence of the President is
                b) the White House
                                       c) Capitol
                                                    d) Royal Park
a) Albert Hall
9. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world?
a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame Tussaud"s
10. What is America's national sport?
a) football b)golf c)baseball d) chess
Types of questions
11. Bob and Alice got married in 1991.
a) How long have they been married?
b) How long is it since they got married?
c) When did they get married?
12. - Tell me something about Fred's wife. ...?
- Oh, she's about 25, she's pretty and friendly.
a) What is she?
b) What does she like?
c) What is she like?
d) Who is she?
13. Mr. Evans is speaking over the phone, ...?
a) ..., is he?
b) ..., isn't he?
c) ..., doesn't you?
14. You like black coffee, ...?
a) ..., aren't you?
b) ... , don't you?
c) ..., do you?
15. .... does it cost to stay at the Hilton Hotel?
a) How many
b) How much
c) What
16. You can have a photo. ... one would you like?
a) What
b) Which
17. You aren't well enough. You should stay with either me or your son, ...?
a) ..., should you?
b) ..., shouldn't you?
c) ..., are you?
18. There isn't a cloud in the sky, ...?
a) ..., is it?
b) ..., does it?
c) ..., is there?
Future actions
19. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him.
a) will see
b) see
20. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you.
a) will hear, will phone
b) will hear, phone
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c) hear, will phone

21. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic. a) is b) will be 22. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station. a) catch, will meet b) will catch, meet c) will catch, will meet 23. When I (arrive) in Manchester next week, I (phone) you. a) will arrive, will phone b) will arrive, phone c) arrive, will phone Perfect Tenses 24. Tell Tommy about these wonderful islands. He (never / hear) about them. a) has never heard b) had never heard c) will never have heard d) heard 25. The workers say that they (build up) a district by the beginning of 2000. a) will have built up b) will build up c) have built up d) had built up 26. A mother asked the children if they (buy) some biscuits for tea. a) has bought b) had bought c) bought d) will have bought 27. I (leave) some photos to be developed. Are they ready? a) have left b) had left c) will have left d) leave 28. She (have lunch) by the time we arrive. a) will have had b) will have c) have had d) had had Complex object 29. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible. a) not to feel b) not c) felt 30. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport. a) took

31. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road.

b) takec) taken

a) crossedb) crossc) to cross

a) sangb) singsc) singing

a) to avoid

32. I have never heard Helen (sing).

33. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company.

- 7. If it ____ on Sunday, I won't be able to play tennis.

 A) rain B) will rain C) rained D) rains

 8. If it hadn't been raining, I ____ to the game.

 A) will go B) would go C) would have gone D) go

 9. If I ___ hard, I would have passed the exam.
- A) had studied B) have studied C) study D) studied
- 10. she me if I need her help?
- A) do help B) does help C) will help D) would help

2. Find the right definition.

- 1. resume
- 2. career
- 3. supervisory
- 4. applicant
- a) a person who requests or seeks something
- b) a job or profession that you have been trained for and intend to do for your working life
- c) the work of making sure something is done properly and according to all the rules
- d) a brief summary of one's skills and employment record

3. Change the sentences into Passive voice.

- 1. They have recently built a huge plant in our town.
- 2. He will introduce me to his friends.
- 3. The workers can finish the building of the house very soon.
- 4. They are selling delicious fruit ice cream there now.
- 5. The boys broke the window last week.

4. Unite the items of the resume with the answers. (2 points)

- 1. Salary History
- 2. Education
- 3. Marital Status
- 4. Interpersonal Qualities
- a) Single
- b) Energetic, honest, intelligent
- c) \$ 700 per month including lunch
- d) Moscow State University(Master of economics)

5. Find definitions to the words.

- 1. salary
- 2. dismiss
- 3. eliminate
- 4. fertilizer
- 5. disastrous
- a) a chemical substance that is spread on land or soil to make plants grow better
- b) to remove someone from the job, usually because they have done something wrong
- c) a form of periodic payment from an employer to an employee
- d) very bad, causing a lot of damage or harm
- e) to get rid of something unnecessary or unwanted

6. Put the words into the sentences

- 1. If the is three hundred seventy five and the ... is fifteen the ... will be twenty five.
- 2. Four in the second ... equals sixteen.
- 3. If the first ... is five and the second ... is thirty eight the ... will be forty three.
- 4. The first ... is seven and the second is nine the is sixty three

Выберите правильный вариант ответа. 1. It's important for each student to get experience of work
A) practical B) general C) theoretical D) complete 2. She was so that she lost all her money at the casino.
A) lucky B) unlucky C) luck D) lucidly 3. I saw a ticket on the floor next to a couple of tourists and asked them if it was
A) her B) their C) theirs D) them 4. I am sorry I'm late. I got here as as I could.
A) the fastest B) fast C) faster D) fastly 5. The comes every morning in our country.
A) postman B) postmans C) postmen D) postmens 6. I can't get through to
A) Johnsons B) a Johnsons C) the Johnsons D) an Johnsons 7. You were rude him for no reason. A) to B) with C) at D) on 8. I'll never forgive you you tell this to anybody.
A) if B) unless C) since D) because 9. We when someone knocked at the door.
A) were talked B) were talking C) talked D) had talked 10. Before anything you should ask the price.
A) buying B) to buy C)having bought D) having been bought 11. We fastened our seatbelts and soon the plane took
A) over B) off C) up D) out 12. I bought everything we need yesterday so I go shopping today.
A) ought not to B) shouldn't C) don't have to D) mustn't 13. Выберите реплику, наиболее соответствующую ситуации общения. Teacher (colleague): «I have some problems with the Internet. Will you e-mail my article to the editor? »
Teacher (colleague): «». A) I'd be glad to. What's up? B) You seem to know better.
C) It's out of the question! D) Yes, of course. 14. Выберите реплику, наиболее соответствующую ситуации общения. Customer: «This soup is cold».
Waiter: «». A) So what? B) I don't know.
C) I'm very sorry. I'll get you another one. D) Is this my problem?
 15. The was built by William the Conqueror in 1078. A) St. Paul's Cathedral C) Tower of London B) Palace of Westminster D) Buckingham Palace 16. Canadians measure things in

- A) feet B) meters C) leagues D) inches
- 17. Расположите части делового письма в правильном порядке.
- A) Yours sincerely,
- B) Mahoney and Milliman, Inc 151 Benson Street Bronx, NY 10465
- C) Dear Sir or Madam,
- D) 2 May 2008
- E) RBM Manufacturing Company, Inc 421 Ninth Avenue New York, NY 10055
- F) We intend to purchase a new office copier before the end of the fiscal year. We would like to consider and RBM copier and wonder if you have a model that would suit our needs.
- G) William Wilson Office manager

- І. Выберите в скобках правильную степень прилагательного:
- 1. Nick is (happier, the happiest) boy that I know.
- 2. Of the six cars, I like the silver one (better, best).
- 3. Jane's notebook is (cheaper, the cheapest) than mine.
- 4. This is (more delicious, the most delicious) cheese-cake I have ever had!
- 5. This bookcase is (more beautiful, the most beautiful) than that one.
- 6. Do you feel (better, the best) today than yesterday?
- 7. I think my cat is (prettier, the prettiest) of all the cats in the world
- II. Вставьте вместо точек пропущенные местоимения.
- 1. What's name? Jim Sanders. 2. What's ... name? Jane Smith. 3. What are ... names?
- Jack and Tom. 4. What's ... name? My name is Mary. 5. What is the dog's name?name is Black. 6. What are your names?names are Dick and John.
- III. Заполните пропуски притяжательными местоимениями.
- 1. This is Mrs Simpson. And this isdaughter.
- 2. This is Mr White. And this is ... wife.
- 3. My name is Ann. And these are.... parents.
- 4. These are Tom and Jack. And these are sisters.
- 5. This is my dog. And this is bone.
- 6. These are cats. And these are ... kittens.
- 7. This is Mary And this is.... doll.
- 8. We are sisters. This is mother.
- IV. Переведите предложения.
- 1. Рядом с отелем есть чистый пляж.
- 2. На диване три кошки.
- 3. В холодильнике есть бутылка молока.
- 4. В корзине нет клубники.
- 5. На автобусной остановке есть люди?
- 6. В твоей сумке есть зеркало?
- 7. В этом парке нет туалета.
- 8. В нашем саду много цветов.
- 9. Под столом зеленый мяч.
- 10. За дверью никого нет.
- V.Задайте к предложениям вопросы, начиная с предлагаемых слов.
- 1. There are four elephants in the zoo. (How many ...?)
- 2. There is a lot of snow in February. (Is ...?)
- 3. There is some fish on the plate. (What ...?)

- 4. There are no cars in the car park. (Are ...?)
 5. There are ancient walls around the city. (What ...?)
 VI. Переведите пословицы и поговорки.
 1. There is no place like home.
 2. Where there is love there is life.
 3. There is no bad weather, there are bad clothes.
 4. There are plenty of other fish in the sea.
 5. There are two sides to every question
 №12

 1. Подчеркните правильно выбранное время.
 1. I am writing in connection with the advertisement which appeared / has appeared on 12
 - 1. I am writing in connection with the advertisement which appeared / has appeared on 1. April.
 - 2. I originally studied/ have studied chemistry at university. I graduated / have been graduating with
 - a first-class degree.
 - 3. I now completed / have now completed a postgraduate degree in administration.
 - 4. I've been trying / I've tried to find a permanent job for a considerable time.
 - 5. Indeed, I have already worked /I have already been working for several companies on a temporary basis.
 - 6. In my first job, I was / have been responsible for marketing,
 - 7. I've been applying / have applied for several posts this year but I did not manage / have not managed to find what I'm looking for.
 - 8. The last job I applied / have applied for required applicants to speak some Japanese,
 - 9. I started learning / have been learning Spanish a few months ago I did not obtain / have not obtained a qualification in it yet.
 - 10. I did not apply / have not applied for a job with your company before.
 - 11. I hoped / have hoped that you would consider my application favourably.
 - 12. However, I have been waiting/ have waited for a reply for weeks and I still have not received /

did not receive any answer.

- II. Внесите изменения в предложения, используя местоимения данные в скобках.
- 1. I have a dog in my house. (She)
- 2. I wash my hands and face in the morning. (He)
- 3. I go to the cinema with my friends. (They)
- 4. I play football with my brother. (He)
- 5. I do my homework in the evening. (We)
- 6. I help my mother. (They)
- 7. I clean my room every weekend. (You)
- 8. I drink my milk in the morning. (The cat)
- 9. I often write letters to my granny. (You)
- 10. I have my breakfast at seven thirty. (She)
- III. Раскройте скобки употребляя глаголы в Future Continuous, Present Continuous, Future Simple или поставьте конструкцию to be going + to inf.

1		
1. At 5 o'clock tomorrow he	e (work).	
2. He can't come at noon tor	morrow because he	(give) a lesson at that time.
3. She (read) an inte	eresting book the whole e	evening tomorrow.
4. At 10 o'clock tomorrow n	norning he(talk)) to his friend.
5. You will recognize her wl	hen you see her. She	(wear) a yellow hat.
6. He(have a party)	on Saturday 4th Decemi	ber in London at 10 pm.
7. In the next days you	(visit) famous sights	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8. Jeanne and Paul	(move) to London next m	nonth.
9. Leave the washing upI	(do) it later.	
10. This time tomorrow I	(lie) on the beach.	
11. Look out! You	(spill) your tea!	

и, употреолии г	лаголы в г тех	ent Perfect, Past Simple	или т тезепт
and Talen	(1) 1-4-4		(la a) 1 a t a
, and John	(be) late t	twice this week; ne	(be) late
eet) George a m	onth ago, and l	(meet) him s	everal times since
, 3	<i>U</i> ,	(
and we	_ (do) a lot of	work this year; we	(do) a lot
	. 1 . 1	(, /1)	
e of the month, a			
) my leg in 1991	, but I	(break) (never) my arr	m.
d he's still work	ing. He	(work) hard all his li	fe. When he
. Tedel) extremely ill	(not / be) abse when he went t	nt this month.	
•			
t in New York." ne worked in New French." – She seaking French." poken French." french." ing to speak French." eak French." beak French." o speak French." speak French."	(Он сказал: «Л w York. – Он о aid that she	Я работаю в Нью-Йорк сказал, что работает в І	e.») – He said
d speak French.		ey to work. Write ONE	_
	and John	eet) George a month ago, and I and we (do) a lot of and we (do) a lot of a coat last winter, but shee of the month, and he_D yesterday, my leg in 1991, but I dhe's still working. He (work) a (come) at eight yesterday. Ted (not / be) absectly extremely ill when he went anospital a month ago Note In New York." (Он сказал: «Све worked in New York. — Он Бегелсh." — She said that she aking French." The said that she aking French." The speak French."	eet) George a month ago, and I (meet) him so and we (do) a lot of work this year; we of the month, and he (spend) (already) most 0 yesterday, my leg in 1991, but I (break) (never) my and dhe's still working. He (work) hard all his lissometimes (work) all night (come) at eight yesterday, but it's now half past eight extremely ill when he went to hospital, but he nospital a month ago №13 ложения в косвенной речи, соблюдая правила соглата in New York. (Он сказал: «Я работаю в Нью-Йорк не worked in New York. — Он сказал, что работает в Негепсh." — She said that she aking French." Prench. The said that she aking French."

O. I. Choose the best answer, A, B, C or D. The first one is an example.	
O I feel very well yesterday. A am not B don't C didn't D wasn'tC	
1 My cousin his leg last Saturday. A break B breaks C broke D broken	
2 I'd like a new for my bedroom floor.	
A curtain B cushion C poster D rug	
3 Joe and I are vegetarians of us eats meat.	
A Both B Neither C One D Other	
4 Do you want a single or aroom?	
A double B return C two D second	
5 I've been here for a week. I came here	
A before a week B after a week C a week later D a week ago	
6 My father loves his old car it for 20 years!	
A He has B He had C He's had D He's got	
7 There's sugar in this coffee. Could I have some more, please?	
A too much B too many C enough D not enough	
8 Where last weekend?	
A you went B did you went C you go D did you go	
9 I'd like to on this jacket, please.	
A try B fit C suit D wear	
10 Our new house south.	
A looks B views C faces D heads	
IV. Choose the best answer, A, B, C or D. The first one is an example. 0 You'll go on a long	
A I've B I've closed C I have D I have closed	
№14	
I. Choose the right variant	
1. George is than Nick.	

2. What time Calais tomorrow afternoon?

a) do the ferry reach b) is the ferry reaching c) does the ferry reach
3. My friend lives in Australia is a nurse.
a) who b) which c) whose
4. I like walking in the park hot days.
a) at b) on c) in
5. Centuries ago, people animals for food.
a) transported b) played c) hunted
6 If he the lottery, he'll go on a round-the-world trip.
a) won b) wins c) will win
7. John has to get early in the morning.
a) on b) up c) down
8. The door was locked so I go inside.
a) will be able to b) wasn't able to c) can
9. She often to music when she does the housework.
a) listens b) listening c) to listen
10. We at the sports centre every Wednesday afternoon.
a) are usually meeting b) usually meet c) have usually met
11. That's the man son is a famous actor.
a) who b) where c) whose
12 is a dairy product.
a) Cheese b) Meat c) Rice
13. Greg down, opened the book and began to read.
a) was sitting b) sat c) has been sitting
14. Levi Strauss was the man invented blue jeans.
a) who b) whose c) which
15. You have been to Spain,?
a) have you b) you have c) haven't you
16. If you study hard, you your exams this time.
a) passes b) pass c) will pass
17. This is the park I take my dog every afternoon.
a) what b) where c) which
18 do you like playing during long winter evenings?
a) What b) Which c) Why
19. Use this bowl. It's than the other one.
a) big b) bigger c) biggest
20. They to Disneyland last week.

- a) went b) had gone c) will go
- I. 1. We started early in ... morning.
- A B a C the
- 2. Can you play ... piano?
- A a B C the
- 3. My favourite subject at school is ... History.
- A the B a C -
- 4. Would you like to be ... doctor?
- A a B an C the
- 5. Who are you waiting ...?
- A to B for C from
- 6. Do you really believe ... ghosts?
- A on B for C in
- 7. You will not need to worry accommodation or food.
- A for B about C in
- 8. Focus the big picture and not the details.
- A at B on C in
- 9. We generally ... quite early during the week.
- A eat B are eating C eating
- 10. –Where is Dickie? He ... in the garden.
- A plays B is playing C will play
- 11. It ... outside; 1 do not like to walk in such weather.
- A rains B is raining C is rain
- 12. My colleagues usually ... four days a week, and this week they ... five days.
- A work, work B are working, are working C work, are working
- 13. Ferdinand (just) ... to Santa Monica.
- A return B has returned C had returned
- 14. He looks angry. He ... his wallet.
- A lost B has lost C has been loosing
- 15. Why are you late? I ... here four two hours.
- A have been waiting B waited C will have been waiting
- 16. This time next week, I ... on the beach.
- A be lying B am lying C will be lying
- 17. A. Christie ... detective stories.
- A has written B had written C wrote
- 18. When I saw Mary last Sunday he was tired, he ... a party the night before.
- A had been to B was to C has been to
- 19. "What are you doing next Friday?" "I ... to Moscow, I have my ticket."
- A flies B fly C am flying
- 20. Flowers die if you ... water them.
- A wouldn't B doesn't C don't
- 21. If I ... a million dollars, I would buy a house.
- A had B would have C will have
- 22. Daniel is ... than Christie.
- A older B elder C more older
- 23. Ann enjoys ... to classical music.
- A listen B listening C to listen
- 24. Would you mind ... the door?
- A to close B close C closing
- 25. I hope ... see you again very soon.
- A to see B seeing C see
- 26. They've decided ... shopping.
- A to go B going C go
- 27. You ... have been here an hour ago. But you didn't show up.
- A should B could C would

28. When he was 6, he ... swim very well. A might B could C can 29. This is the girl ... parents I know. A who B which C whose 30. The chair, ... is in my room, is very old. A who B which C whose 31. Two ago, Rome ruled the Mediterranean. A years B centuries C millennia 32. Meat and vegetables are...... into pieces using different methods. A made B cut C formed 33. Sunday shopping has become very A numerous B normal C popular 34. Peter is very, so if he says he will help you, he will. A bossy B boastful C reliable 35. If I had more in class, I'd have got better marks in the test. A tried B did C concentrated 36. It's bad for your eyes to at a computer screen all day. A stare B watch C browse 37. We're all looking to seeing you again soon. A ahead B around C forward 38. The doctor told him to give smoking. A in B away C up 39. He went to the airport to see them A of B off C out 40. My new car has broken A up B down C on **№15 Choose the right variant** 1. Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable. a) to feel b) feeling c) feel 2. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room. a) to smoke b) smoking c) smoke 3. Has the secretary come yet? I want to have my papers (type). b) type c) typed a) to type 4. I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself away from that funny sight. a) played b) playing c) to play 5. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad. a) marry b) to marry c) married 6. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible. a) not to feel b) not c) felt 7. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport. b) take a) took c) taken 8. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road. a) crossed b) cross c) to cross 9. I have never heard Helen (sing). b) sings c) singing a) sang 10. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company. a) to avoid b) avoid c) avoided

11. We expected the Harrisons (arrive) later than usual.

c) arrived

c) doing

b) arrive

13. He made me (do) it all over again.

12. What makes you (do) such rash actions? b) to do

a) to arrive

a) to do b) do c) doing 14. Her father made her (learn) the lessons. a) learn b) to learn c) learning 15. If you want us (make) the work quickly you should let us (start) at once. a) make, to start b) to make, start c) making, starting 16. Would you like me (read) now? a) to read b) read c) reading 17. They won't let us (leave) the classroom till our control work has been checked. a) to leave b) leave c) leaving 18. He wouldn't let the children (play) in his study. a) play b) to play c) playing 19. Please let me (know) the results of your exam as soon as possible. a) to know b) know c) knowing 20. He made us (wait) for two hours. a) to wait b) wait c) waiting 21. We saw them (jump) with parachutes. a) to jump b) jump c) jumping 22. I'd like him (enter) the university but I can't make him (do) it. a) to enter, do b) enter, to do c) making, doing 23. I heard him (play) the piano in the house. a) to play b) play c) playing 24. Nobody noticed him (come in) and (sit) down. a) to come in, to sit b) come, sit c) coming, sitting 25. She heard somebody (walk) up to her door. a) to walk b) walk c) walking 26. I felt Nick (put) his hand on my shoulder. a) put b) to put c) putting 27. I heard him (tell) the teacher about it. a) to tell b) tell c) telling 28. We expect our basketball team (win) next game. a) won b) to win c) win 29. The teacher advised us (use) dictionaries. a) used b) use c) to use 30. Her father doesn't allow her (go) to the cinema alone. a) to go b) go c) going
a) to go b) go c) going
№16 Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
Hyperlink
Packet switching
To refine

- 6.
- 7.
- 8.
- 9. To disappear
- 10. To be available
- 11. To retrieve
- 12. Path
- 13. To knock out
- 14. To go online
- 15. A headline

- II. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 5. Each Browser provided a graphical interface.
- 6. These items are called hyperlinks.
- 7. The most popular Internet service is e-mail.
- 8. He was searching the information the whole evening yesterday.
- 9. All sorts of things are available on the WWW.
- 10. They shared the information.
- 11. They have used this means of communication today.
- 12. She adds the story to the electronic edition of a newspaper every day.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
- 6. You can play computer games through the WWW, competing with partners from other countries.
- 7. Online newspapers have the most up-to-date news.
- 8. Nearly all the information being sent over the Internet is transmitted without any form of encoding.
- 9. Nobody knows exactly how many people use the Internet.
- 10. The number of resources and services that are part of the WWW is growing extremely fast.
- 11. Each link you select represents an image, a document, a video clip.
- 12. If some computers on the network are knocked out the information will just route around them.
- 13. You can't carry a computer as easily as you can a newspaper.
- 14. There are more than a million news stories in our database.
- 15. Some American banks and companies even conduct transactions over the Internet.

IV. Вставьте нужные слова:

Upgrade, punishment, password, eradicates, virus carrier, disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 6. Antivirus is a computer program that stops the spread of and often... the virus.
- 7. You must continuously pay the price for...
- 8. Each newly infected disc becomes a ...
- 9. He has managed to get way without ...
- 10. Most systems use account numbers and... to restrict access to authorized users.
- 11. Worm is a program that spreads by itself.
- 12. The ... instructions lie dormant.
- 13. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.
- 14. Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
- 15. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...

- V. Составьте предложения.
- 6. Inserts, instructions, a programmer, unauthorized, in PC.
- 7. On the screen, appears, message, a warning.
- 8. Another, the virus, has spread to, disc.
- 9. Computer experts, a variety, have devised, of disks.
- 10. Needs, his exploits, to continue, he elsewhere.
- 11. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 12. May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 13. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 14. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 15. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

Choose the right variant

- 1.... 1957, Russia announced the launching of a sputnik.
- a) In October 4th
- b) On October 4th
- c) On 4th October
- 2. Yuri Gagarin was ... first man in space.
- a) a
- b) the
- c) —
- 3. My friend Jack lives ... 55, Main Street ... Apartment 20. a) in; in
- b) at; in
- c) on; at
- 4. He likes reading books by American authors of... century.
- a) nineteen
- b) the 19th century
- c) the nineteen
- 5. There are more than three ... year-files of magazines and newspapers in the reading-room.
- a) hundred
- b) hundreds
- c) hundred of
- 6. ... people watched the Olympic Games on television. a) millions
- b) Millions of
- c) Million
- 7. Are all the students here? Two-thirds of the group ... absent. a) are
- b) is
- 8. Helen felt tired; three miles ... too far to walk.
- a) was
- b) had
- c) were
- 9. Twenty dollars ... too much for such a trifle.
- a) is
- b) are
- 10. The friends were just in time to catch ... train.
- a) 4 o'clock
- b) the four o'clock's
- c) the four o'clock

- 11. At the end of the contest, twenty-one ... got prizes.
- a) boy and girl
- b) boys and girls
- c) boy and girls
- 12. After lunch you phoned someone.
- a) Who rang you?
- b) Who did you ring?
- 13. The policeman is interviewing the robber.
- a) Who is interviewing the robber?
- b) Who is the robber interviewing?
- 14.... is it from here to St. Petersburg?
- a) How far
- b) How long
- 15 would you like to drink?
- a) Which
- b) What
- 16. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him.
- a) will see
- b) see
- 17. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you.
- a) will hear, will phone
- b) will hear, phone
- c) hear, will phone
- 18. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic.
- a) is
- b) will be
- 19. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station.
- a) catch, will meet
- b) will catch, meet
- c) will catch, will meet
- 20. When I (arrive) in Manchester next
- a) will arrive, will phone
- b) will arrive, phone
- c) arrive, will phone
- 21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning, he probably (give) you a lift.
- a) isn't busy, will probably give
- b) won't be, will probably give
- c) won't be, probably gives
- 22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) worse.
- a) will feel
- b) feels
- c) feel
- 23. I met my (good) friend yesterday.
- a) goodest
- b) better
- c) best
- 24. Dorothy is (young) in her family.
- a) the youngest
- b) the younger
- c) young
- 25. Where is (near) post office, please? a) the nearest b) the next c) nearer

Лексико-грамматический тест 1

a) museum

b) clock

25. The main political parties of Great Britain are...

c) monument

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

```
1.Ann ... good in Physics.
a) am b) is c) are
2. Alex and his wife ... from Montana.
a) are b) is c) am
3. I ... sleepy, because it is too late.
a) is b) am c) are
4. It ... very hot today.
a) am b) are c) is
5. The door in my room is ..., than in your room.
a) the largest b) larger c) large
6. Jane is the ... student in our group.
a) best b) better c) good
7. The weather in London is as ... as in Paris.
a) worse b) the worst c) bad
8. I prefer semolina porridge ... breakfast.
a) on b) at c) for
9. This blouse is made ... silk.
a) with b) of c) in
10. My friend is fond ... music.
a) of b) on c) by
11. ... Sundays we go to the cinema.
a) in b) on c) at
12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 10 минут чтобы добраться
до школы»
a) It takes me 10 minutes to get to school. b) It takes to me 10 minutes to get to school
c) It takes from me 10 minutes to get to school
15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не летает самолётом»
a) He never goes in the plane b) He never goes by plane c) He never goes to plane
16. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 17 лет»
a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
17. I can see three ... in the photo.
a). woman b). women c). womans
18. ... are sitting on the pond
a) goose
           b) gooses
                          c) geese
19. These ... are very expensive
           b) shoeses
a) shoes
                          c) shoe
20. What is the name of the British national flag?
a) the Union Jack
                     b) the United Jack
                                            c) the Union John
21. London is located on the river ....
              b) Thames
                               c) Serpentine
a) Avon
22. Great Britain is...
A) constitutional monarchy b) republic
                                          c) federal republic
23. Britain's national drink is
a) coffee
            b) coca-cola c) tea
24. The main sightseeing of London is Big Ben, it is a...
```

	ive and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic	
26. The British Parliament consist of	·	
A) the House of Lords and the House of Commons		
b) the Congress and the House of Represe	ntatives	
c)the Senate and the House of Commons		
d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court		
27. Who is the head of state in the United	Kingdom?	
a) President b)the Qeen c) the Prime Min	nister d)Lord Chancellor	
28. The official residence of Queen Elizab	peth II is	
a) Albert Hall b)Tower c) Buckingham	Palace d)Royal Park	
29. The wax models of famous people are	, · ·	
a) Big Ben b) Covent Garden c)the Nati		
30. A world famous grammar school, fou		
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge		
Coomhecume:	a) rang a conego	
31. The parts of the UK and their capitals		
1) England	a) Cardiff	
2) Scotland	b) London	
3) Wales	c) Belfast	
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh	
32. The holiday and its symbol:	d) Edinotign	
1) Christmas	a) nancalzas	
2) Easter	a) pancakes b) a pumpkin	
3) Pancake Day	, <u> </u>	
•	c) stockings at the fireplace	
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit	
33. The place and a kind of sports:	.) 1	
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing	
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis	
3) Derby	c) association football	
34. The place and the sight of it:	\ \	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens	
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence	
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain	
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities	
35.Соотнесите:		
	nate, green brilliant grass. Much of the land is	
	arated from Great Britain by the Irish Sea.	
	nd of mountains, lakes and romantic castles. Most	
farmers keep sheep. Deer		
, ,	tty valleys. But it has plenty of industry too, with	
many factories and coal m	nines. The people of this part are very musical.	
4. Scotland d) Some areas	s of it are very crowded, especially the southeast of	
it. Fishing is an important	t industry in the northeast of it. The most important	
river flows here.		
36. The parts of the UK and their national	symbols	
1) England	a) a thistle	
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock	
3) Wales	c) a red rose	
4) Northern Ireland	d) a daffodil	
,	,	

Лексико-грамматический тест 2

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

a) am b) is c) are
2. Rob and his family from London.
a) are b) is c) am
3. She sleepy, because it is too late.
a) is b) am c) are
4. It very hot today.
a) am b) are c) is
5. The shelf in my room is, than in your room.
a) the largest b) larger c) large
6. Denis is the student in our group.
a) best b) better c) good
7. The weather in Kirov is as as in Chicago
a) worse b) the worst c) bad
8. I prefer beefsteak dinner
a) on b) at c) for
9. This skirt is made silk.
a) with b) of c) in
10. My brother is fond music.
a) of b) on c) by
11 Sundays we go to the ZOO
a) in b) on c) at
12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 15 минут чтобы добраться
до колледжа»
a) It takes me 15 minutes to get to College. b) It takes to me 15 minutes to get to College
c) It takes from me 15 minutes to get to College
14. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не ездит поездом»
a) He never goes in the train b) He never goes by train c) He never goes in train
15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 16 лет»
a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
16. I can see three in the photo.
a). man b). men c). mans
17 are sitting on the lake
a) goose b) gooses c) geese
18. These are very cheap
a) shoes b) shoeses c) shoe
19. What is the name of the American national flag?a) the Stars and Stripesb) the United Starsc) the Union Stripes
a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes 20. Washington is located on the river
a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn
21. USA is
A) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
22. American's national drink is
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
23. The main American symbols of Freedom is a
a) The American flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
24. The main political parties of USA are
a) Democratic and Republican b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic
25. The American Parliament is a .
a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress
c) the Senate and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
26. Who is the head of state in the USA?
a) President b). the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor
27. The official residence of the President is
a) Albert Hall b) the White House c) Capitol d) Royal Park
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- 28. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world? a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame
- a) One of the US Presidents, from a very poor family, was a lawyer, fought against slavery, is a symbol of American democracy.
- b) One of the US Presidents, took part in many battles, fought for the independence of the country, during his ruling the US Constitution was written.
- c) He made 4 voyages to North America, discovered one of the Bahamas Islands, discovered a new continent, and died ignorant of the greatness of his discovery.
- d) He made several voyages to South America, wrote a description of what he had seen, proved the existence of the new continent.
- Tussaud"s
- 29. What is America's national sport?
- a) football b) golf c) baseball d) chess
- 30. Соотнесите:

1) A. Vespucci

- 2) C. Columbus
- 3) A. Lincoln
- 4) G. Washington
- 31. The nickname of State:
- 1.Florida
- a) "The Prairie State"
- 2. Vermont
- 3. Illinois
- 4. Washington
- 32. The building and the sight of it:
- 1.The White House is
- 2) The Capitol is
- 3. The Supreme Court is
- 4. The Empire State Building
- 33. The place and the sight of it:
- 1. Broadway is
- 2. Harvard is
- 3. Manhatten is
- 4. Washington is
- 34. The famous people:
- 1. Martin Luther King was
- 2. Elvis Priestly
- 3. Jack London
- rights
- 4. Mohamed Ali
- 35. The holiday and its symbol:
- 1) Easter
- 2) Thanksgiving Day
- 3) .Halloween

- b)"The Sunshine State
- c) "The Evergreen State"
- d) "The Green Mountain State"
 - a) the highest skyscraper
 - b) the President's residence
 - c)) the home of the US Congress
 - d) the home of the Supreme Court
 - a) a centre of New York
 - b) a capital of USA
 - c) a symbol of American theatre
 - d) a famous university
 - a) a famous American singer
 - b) a famous boxer
 - c) a famous American fighter for civil
 - d) a famous American writer
 - a) a turkey
 - b) a pumpkin
 - c) a rabbit

№20

Лексико-грамматический тест 1

1. What is the name of the British national	flag?
a) the Union Jack b) the United Jack	c) the Union John
2. London is located on the river	
a) Avon b) Thames c) Serpent	tine
3. Great Britain is	
a) constitutional monarchy b) republic	c) federal republic
4. Britain's national drink is	, 1
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea	
5. The British Parliament consist of	
	ommons b) the Congress and the House of
Representatives	on money of the congress and the freues of
c) the Senate and the House of Commons	d) the house of Lords and the Royal
Court	a) the house of Lords and the Royal
6. Who is the head of state in the United I	Kinadom?
a) President b) the Queen/King c) the P	
7. A world famous grammar school, found	
a) Trinity College b) Eton c) Cambridg	
8. The parts of the UK and their capitals	c d) King's Conege
	a) Cardiff
1) England	a) Cardiff b) Landan
2) Scotland	b) London
3) Wales	c) Belfast
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh
9. The holiday and its symbol:	1
1) Christmas	a) pancakes
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit
10. The place and a kind of sports:	`1
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis
3) Derby	c) association football
11. The place and the sight of it:	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities
12. The parts of the UK and their national	
1) England	a) a thistle
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock
3) Wales	c) a red rose
4) Northern Ireland	d) a daffodil
Types of questions	
13 is it from here to St. Petersburg?	
a) How far	
b) How long	
14 would you like to drink?	
a) Which	
b) What	
15 of brothers Grimm was the eldest?)
a) Who b) What c) Which	
16. It's so cold today put on your warm	a coat?
a) Why you haven't	
b) Why haven't you	_
17. Dad hasn't read the newspaper yet,	?
a), hasn't he?	
b), has he?	

- c) ..., did he?
 18. ... is Pam's sister? She's a secretary at our college.
 a) What
 b) Who
 c) Where
- 19. ... will it take me to learn French?- I think you'll be able to speak in another few months.
- a) How much
- b) How long
- c) What
- 20. He can play golf well, ...?
- a) ..., doesn't he?
- b) ..., can he?
- c) ..., can't he?

Future actions

- 21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning, he probably (give) you a lift.
- a) isn't busy, will probably give
- b) won't be, will probably give
- c) won't be, probably gives
- 22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) worse.
- a) will feel
- b) feels
- c) feel
- 23.Mrs.Clay (go) shopping today if she (finish) her work earlier than usual.
- a) goes, will finish
- b) will go, will finish
- c) will go, finishes
- 24. Watch the football match on TV at 11 p.m. if you (stay) at home tonight.
- a) will stay
- b) stay
- c) would slay
- 25. I'm tired, but if you (make) me strong coffee, I (go on) working.
- a) will make, go on
- b) will make, will go on
- c) make, will go on

Perfect Tenses

- 26. My parents (be) to the USA many times.
- a) have been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) is being
- 27. Julia (finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
- a) will finish
- b) will have finished
- c) have finished
- d) had finished
- 28. Aunt Polly punished Tom Sawyer because he (be) naughty.
- a) has been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) finishes
- 29. Why are you looking so unhappy? I (lose) my purse.
- a) have lost b) had lost c) will have lost d) lost
- 30. We are going to buy a car. By the end of next month our family (save) money for it.
- a) will save b) will have saved c) have saved d) had saved Complex object

31. Teddy's words made me (feet) uncomfortable.
a) to feel
b) feeling
c) feel
32. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room.
a) to smoke
b) smoking
c) smoke
33. Her father made her (learn) the lessons.
a) learn
b) to learn
c) learning
,
34. If you want us (make 4. I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself
away from that funny sight. 'a) played
b) playing
c) to play
35. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad.
a) marry
b) to marry
c) married
Conditional sentences
36. Plants die if you (not / water) them.
a) won't water
b) don't water
c) wouldn't water
37. If I had one million dollars, I (probably / buy) a yacht.
a) would probably buy
b) will probably buy
c) probably bought
38 How did it happen that you missed you stop? - I (not / miss) it if the conductor
(announce) the stops.
a) wouldn't miss a) had announced
b) hadn't missed b) would have announced
c) wouldn't have missed c) announced
39. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help) us.
a) were a) will help
b) would be here b) would help
c) is c) helps
40. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go) jogging.
a) will get up a) go
b) get up b) am going to g
c) got up c) will go
41. You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday.
a) be a) will take
b) were b) would take
c) have been c) take
42. If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbol of America.
a) didn't work a) wouldn't have become
b) wouldn't have worked b) hadn't become
c) hadn't worked c) wouldn't become

Лексико-грамматический тест 2

1. What is the name of the American national flag?
a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes
2. Washington is located on the river
a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn
3. USA is
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
4. American's national drink is
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
5. The main American symbols of Freedom is a
a) The American flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
6.The American Parliament is a .
a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress
c) the Senate and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
7. Who is the head of state in the USA?
a) President b). the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor
8. The official residence of the President is
a) Albert Hall b) the White House c) Capitol d) Royal Park
9. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world?
a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame Tussaud"s
10. What is America's national sport?
a) football b) golf c)baseball d) chess
Types of questions
11. Bob and Alice got married in 1991.
a) How long have they been married?
b) How long is it since they got married?
c) When did they get married?
12 Tell me something about Fred's wife ?
- Oh, she's about 25, she's pretty and friendly.
a) What is she?
b) What does she like?
c) What is she like?
d) Who is she?
13. Mr. Evans is speaking over the phone,?
a), is he?
b), isn't he?
c), doesn't you?
14. You like black coffee, ?
a), aren't you?
b), don't you?
c), do you?
15 does it cost to stay at the Hilton Hotel?
a) How many
b) How much
c) What
16. You can have a photo one would you like?
a) What
b) Which
17. You aren't well enough. You should stay with either me or your son,?
a), should you?
b), shouldn't you?
c), are you?
18. There isn't a cloud in the sky,?
a), is it?
b), does it?
c), is there?
Future actions
I WWW. C WCVVCIVO

- 19. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him. a) will see
- b) see
- 20. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you.
- a) will hear, will phone
- b) will hear, phone
- c) hear, will phone
- 21. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic.
 - a) is
 - b) will be
- 22. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station.
- a) catch, will meet
- b) will catch, meet
- c) will catch, will meet
- 23. When I (arrive) in Manchester next week, I (phone) you.
- a) will arrive, will phone
- b) will arrive, phone
- c) arrive, will phone

Perfect Tenses

- 24. Tell Tommy about these wonderful islands. He (never / hear) about them.
- a) has never heard
- b) had never heard
- c) will never have heard
- d) heard
- 25. The workers say that they (build up) a district by the beginning of 2000.
- a) will have built up
- b) will build up
- c) have built up
- d) had built up
- 26. A mother asked the children if they (buy) some biscuits for tea.
- a) has bought
- b) had bought
- c) bought
- d) will have bought
- 27. I (leave) some photos to be developed. Are they ready?
- a) have left
- b) had left
- c) will have left
- d) leave
- 28. She (have lunch) by the time we arrive.
- a) will have had
- b) will have
- c) have had
- d) had had

Complex object

- 29. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible.
- a) not to feel
- b) not
- c) felt
- 30. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport.
- a) took
- b) take
- c) taken
- 31. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road.
- a) crossed
- b) cross

- c) to cross 32. I have never heard Helen (sing). a) sang b) sings c) singing 33. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company. a) to avoid b) avoid c) avoided Conditional sentences 34. - Did you say anything when he asked you? -No, I didn't. You see, if I (say) even a word, he (fly) into a rage. a) said a) flew b) would said b) would have flown c) had said c) had flown 35. Would it be all right if I (come) round at about six? a) come b) came c) will come 36. If you (not / be) at a loose end last month, you (pass) your exam. But you failed it. a) hadn't been a) would have passed b) wouldn't have been b) would pass c) were not c) will pass 37. If the water (be heated) to 100° C, it (boil). a) will be heated a) would boil b) would be heated b) boils c) boil c) is heated 38. If pigs (have) wings, they (fly). a) had a) will fly b) have b) fly c) would fly c) would have 39.I (do) the same if I (be) in your shoes. a) would do a) am
- a) would do
 b) will do
 c) would have done
 a) am
 b) were
 c) will be
- 40. If I (see) her, I (speak) to her. But I didn't see her and speak to her.

a) saw a) would have spoken

b) had seen b) spoke c) would have see c) would speak

41. Hurry up! We (not / get) good seats if we (arrive) late.

a) don't get a) arrived b) won't get b) will arrive c) didn't get c) arrive

Инструкция по выполнению

При разработке тестовых заданий использовались следующие формы заданий:

- задания с выбором одного из предложенных ответов.

Время тестирования составляет до 40-45 минут, время ответа на одно тестовое задание

– до 4 минут.

Оценка теста:

- -0(-) ответ на тестовое задание неверный,
- -1(+) ответ на тестовое задание верный.

Критерии оценивания:

Критерий	Балл	Критериальный интервал
85%	5 (отлично)	10
68%	4 (хорошо)	От 8 до 9
48%	3 (удовлетворительно)	От 5 до 7
менее чем на 48%	2 неудовлетворительно)	От 0 до 4

Контрольные работы

Контрольная работа № 1 по теме «Настоящие времена английского глагола»

I. Insert the adverbs in brackets in the correct place.

- 1. I've told you a lie, Dolly, and I am too old to begin now. (never)
- 2. The senior girl is asking us to be a little more quiet, (always)
- 3. She brings work home from the office, (often)
- 4. You are not at home when I phone, (sometimes)
- 5. Have you lived in this town? (ever)
- 6. My friend doesn't arrive on time, (usually)
- 7. Bad students work hard, (never)
- 8. His car has stopped at the house, (just)
 - II. Use these sentences to ask questions. Begin each question with the words provided.
 - 1. I've been thinking about you a great deal.

(How much?)

(Who <u>about?</u>)

2. Run downstairs, your uncle is waiting for you.

(What?

(Where?)

3. I've just received a telegram about my poor friend.

(Who ?)

(Whose friend ?

4. The Christmas holidays begin next week.

(When?)

(What holidays?)

III. Put the verbs in brackets into the most suitable form: the Present Simple, the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect or the Present Perfect Continuous

- 1. She always (borrow) from me and never (remember) to pay me back.
- 2. Mother *(cook)* dinner while we *(talk)*.
- 3. I shan't go out now as it (rain) and I (not / have) an umbrella.
- 4. You (believe) all that the newspapers say?
- 5. You (hear) the wind? It (blow) strongly.
- 6. We (walk) for three hours and we (walk) ten kilometers already.
- 7. My father (not / belong) to any political party.
 - 8. He (leave) for London in two days.
 - IV. Decide whether the forms in italics are right or wrong. Correct those that are wrong. Example: I don't like beer. Right.

He plays tennis at the moment. Wrong: is playing

- 1. He is usually staying at this hotel.
- 2. It doesn't snow now.
- 3. She understands German.
- 4. We are reading many books in the original.

- 5. She doesn't see you today.
- 6. Please be quiet. I watch television.
- 7. The sun sets early in winter.
- 8. My friend is waiting for me since two o'clock.

V. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1. Ann works (hard) than her friend.
- 2. Their hotel is (*comfortable*) than that one.
- 3. Nick is running (fast) than we have expected.
- 4. My homework is *(bad)* than yours.
- 5. I had (*little*) time than I needed to do the work.
- 6. That's *(good)* tea I've ever tasted.
- 7. It looks (*new*) than the other things.
- 8. The city is ten times (good) than the country in summer.
- 9. It was a cold February morning and there were *(few)* people in the street than usual.
 - 10. Jimmy is always (true) fellow in the world.
 - 11. Thinking (bad) is not helping.
 - 12. I've found my way around *(bad)* places than this.

VI. Translate the sentences into English.

- 1. Студенты сдают экзамены зимой и весной.
- 2. Вы уже купили свежую газету?
- 3. Поезд приходит в 12 часов.
- 4. Как давно ты носишь очки? Уже пять лет.
- 5. Мои родители возвращаются завтра из Парижа.
- 6. Мужчина медленно встает и подходит к столу.
- 7. Я только что перевела эту статью.
- 8. Как давно вы здесь?
- 9. Он много работал в этом году и ему нужен отдых.
- 10. Смотрите, мы приближаемся к самому глубокому озеру на земле.
- 11. Я не знаю ничего страшнее этой истории.
- 12. Это самая тяжелая работа, которую я когда-либо делала.

Контрольная работа № 2 по теме «Неличные формы глагола»

І. Прочтите и переведите текст

Programming Languages

Programming has been with us for over 40 years but it wasn't born at the time as the first computers. When the first early computers were built, there were no programming languages. First machines were initially programmed by flipping toggle switches and changing cables. Needless to say, this was a slow, awkward process. People began quickly searching for a better, faster way to issue instructions to the computer.

The result was what we call Programming Languages. The programming languages fall into three general categories. They are comprised of ones and zeros, and are directly understood or executed by hardware. Electronic circuitry turns these 0s and 1s into the operations the computer performs.

Assembly Languages are powerful programming tools because they allow programmers a large amount of direct control over the hardware. They offer programmers greater ease in writing instructions but preserve the programmer's ability to declare exactly what operations the hardware performs. Assembly languages are machine-specific, or machine-dependent. Machine-dependent means the instructions are specific to one type of computer hardware. Assembly languages are still provided by most computer manufacturers – they can't be translated and used on another computer. Assembly code for a Prime mini won't work on a Digital mini. Assembly code can't even be transferred between some machines built by the

same manufacturer. For the most part, assembly languages are used by systems programmers to develop operating systems and their components. II. Заполните пропуски: 1. First machines were by flipping toggle switches and 2. The programming languages fall into 3. They are comprised of and 4 are powerful programming tools. 5. Machine-dependent means 6. A high-level language is a language in which 7 is an expression of instruction in a programming language. 8 allows programmers to calculate complex formulas with a few source code instructions. 9 stands for Algorithmic Language. 10. Basic uses		
III. Употребите инфинитив с частицей to или без частицы to		
11. Употреоите инфинитив с частицей to или оез частицы to 1. You ought (make) more of an effort at school. 2. You are not allowed (walk) on the grass here. 3. I can hardly (wait) (see) you! 4. There's no need (rush) — just take your time. 5. It's difficult (read) English books in the original. 6. The soup is too hot (eat). You'd better (cool) it a bit. 7. It's nearly 8. You are going (miss) your lesson. 8. I must (return) the book to the library as soon as I have read it. 9. You'd better (stop) quarrelling now. 10. It's kind of you (help) us. 11. You have (be) a pretty good cook (get) a job as a chef. 12. Why not (join) them? We could (have) a lot of fun there. 13. I have never heard him (say) anything of the kind. 14. Are you strong enough (lift) that box? 15. She is thoughtful enough (send) us a greetings card. 16. I'd like you (think) it over first. 17. It usually takes me an hour (write) an essay. 18. Let me (close) the door, shall I? 19. They can't afford (buy) a car. 20. I'd rather (let) the children (decide) for themselves. 21. They can hardly make both ends (meet). 22. I showed them how (use) the computer.		
IV. Gerund или Infinitive (with or without "TO")		
1. They suggested by bus instead of by plane. (TRAVEL) 2. It seems difficult everything about this topic. (KNOW) 3. We were all looking forward the New Year in New York. (CELEBRATE) 4. We are planning to Europe this summer. (GO) 5. It was very difficult for him to quit (SMOKE) 6. She tried to avoid unnecessary mistakes. (MAKE) 7. I let him to his friend's house after he had done his homework. (GO) 8. Can you imagine the painting before the Christmas holidays?		
(FINISH) 9. We are used		

14. Mary keeps	about her problems all the time. (TALK)	
15. Most European countries don't allo	in bars and restaurants.	
(SMOKE)		

Инструкция по выполнению

Время выполнения составляет до 40-45 минут, время ответа на одно задание – до 4 минут.

Оценка заданий контрольной работы:

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3. Методические материалы, определяющие процедуры оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций

Процедура оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций, состоит из текущего контроля.

Текущий контроль успеваемости проводится с использованием оценочных средств, представленных в п. 2 данного приложения. Результаты текущего контроля доводятся до сведения студентов до промежуточной аттестации.

МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ДЛЯ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Методические указания для студентов по освоению дисциплины Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности являются частью рабочей программы дисциплины (приложением к рабочей программе).

Рабочая программа дисциплины утверждается директором колледжа для изучения дисциплины. Определяет цели и задачи дисциплины, формируемые в ходе ее изучения компетенции и их компоненты, содержание изучаемого материала, виды занятий и объем выделяемого учебного времени, а также порядок изучения и преподавания учебной дисциплины.

Для самостоятельной учебной работы студента важное значение имеют разделы «Структура и содержание дисциплины» и «Учебно-методическое и информационное обеспечение дисциплины». В первом указываются разделы и темы изучаемой дисциплины, а также виды занятий и планируемый объем (в академических часах), во втором — рекомендуемая литература и перечень ресурсов информационнотелекоммуникационной сети "Интернет".

Для подготовки к текущему контролю студенты могут воспользоваться оценочными средствами, представленными в Приложении 1 к рабочей программе дисциплины.

1. Описание последовательности действий студента

Приступая к изучению дисциплины, необходимо в первую очередь ознакомиться с содержанием рабочей программы дисциплины, где в разделе «Структура и содержание дисциплины» приведено общее распределение часов аудиторных занятий по темам дисциплины и видам занятий.

Залогом успешного освоения дисциплины является посещение занятий и выполнение практических заданий, так как пропуск одного, а тем более нескольких занятий - может осложнить освоение разделов курса.

Практические занятия проводятся с целью углубления и закрепления знаний, полученных на лекциях, в процессе самостоятельной работы с учебной литературой.

Выполнение обучающимися практических заданий направлено на:

- обобщение, систематизацию, углубление, закрепление полученных теоретических знаний по конкретным темам дисциплины;
- формирование умений применять полученные знания на практике, реализацию единства интеллектуальной и практической деятельности;
- выработку при решении поставленных задач таких профессионально значимых качеств, как самостоятельность, ответственность, точность, творческая инициатива.

2. Рекомендации по работе с литературой и словарями

Работу с литературой и словарями следует начинать с анализа рабочей программы дисциплины, содержащей список основной и дополнительной литературы.

В случае возникновения затруднений в понимании учебного материала следует обратиться к другим источникам, где изложение может оказаться более доступным.

Работа с литературой и словарями не только полезна как средство более глубокого изучения любой дисциплины, но и является неотъемлемой частью профессиональной деятельности будущего выпускника.